

Annual Operational Plan

2022-2023

Contents

Minis	ter's Foreword 3
Perm	anent Secretary's Statement4
1.0	Corporate Profile
1.1	Roles and Functions of the Ministry
1.2	Organizational Structure 11
1.3	Statement of Core Business 12
2.0	Strategic Priorities
2.1	Strategic Focus and Goals 13
2.2	Linkage to Government Priorities
3.0	Situation Analysis16
4.0	Aim17
5.0	2022-2023 Budget Highlights18
6.0	Outputs and Targeted Performance19
6.1	AOP outputs
6.2	Building Back Better and Stronger
6.3	Framework for Outpatient Surge Response and Customer Care
7.0	Annexes
7.1	AOP Table 2
7.2	Building Back Better
7.3	Framework for Outpatient Surge Response & Customer Care
7.4	Remodelling
7.5	Capital Works
7.6	Budget Cashflow Forecast
7.7	Budget and Overheads
A	ıyms81

Minister's Foreword



The Annual Operational Plan 2022-2023, provides a comprehensive approach to service delivery focusing on our key priority areas. Our aim is to deliver quality health services based on our core functions that is support by a strengthened health system. This is aligned to our broader ambition to support SDG 3, with an emphasis on progressing towards Universal Health Coverage (UHC) and SDG 6 with a focus on strengthening our WASH (Water, Sanitation and Hygiene) programmes.

We will continue to deliver our core business (prevention, promotion, clinical services, rehabilitation and palliative care) under the broader objectives outlined in our strategic plan. The way we operationalize and implement this, will be reoriented based on a customer services approach and enhancing

patient experience at our health facilities.

It is anticipated that a major, initial focus for this fiscal year will be on further strengthening our key health systems components that have been key to our organizational adaptation based on ongoing capability to respond to the pandemic and natural disasters.

The targeted approach is further outlined in the plan and there is scope to remodel the delivery of services at our health facilities and divisions based on reorganizing services to adjust to the changing demand in health services. We will still aspire to progress towards our broader approach of Universal Health Coverage and make our best effort to *reach the unreached* and organize our service delivery to support this.

We will continue to work on improving the quality of services with a focus on strengthening the essential health systems components such as skilled workforce, equipment, medicinal products and infrastructural upgrade to support effective service delivery

This AOP was developed based on a realistic approach and we anticipate to progress towards our objectives in a resilient and committed way. Our approach has been designed taking all relevant issues into consideration including the effective transition to normative service delivery and broader issues such as developing Climate Resilient Health Systems to address the future impacts of disasters and pandemic.

There is always a major reliance on our key enabling factors, particularly our skilled human resources to effectively deliver services and to make any plan a success. I appreciate and acknowledge the hard work and commitment of all our staff across the Ministry. The support of all our partners and key stakeholders is also acknowledged and we will continue to further develop and strengthen these partnerships.

Hon. Dr. Ifereimi Waqainabete Minister for Health and Medical Services

Permanent Secretary's Statement



The Annual Operational Plan for the financial year 2022/2023 outlines the overall approach and direction towards achieving health sector objectives for the fiscal year that is effectively aligned to our resources and emerging service delivery needs.

This Plan outlines the pathway for the Ministry to achieve strategic goals and objectives within allocated resources and timelines. We are focusing on "building back better and stronger" that is an initiative that focuses on building resilient health systems as we progress towards strengthening population health resilience. It focuses on strengthening health systems capacity to provide care and further reinforce public trust in the health system.

We acknowledge that this is a unique and challenging year for the Ministry, as we get the opportunity to fully focus on our normative functions and the quality of care we provide to our customers. We have put in place several initiatives to support this including strengthened customer care at health facilities and strengthening the role of Divisional Command Centers and Sub-divisional Command Centers and integrating these within Ministry's governance frameworks.

We are working on further strengthening key health system components such as, human resources, transportation, infrastructure maintenance and related issues to more effectively support our service delivery from health facilities. We are also looking at strengthening service delivery through more proactive management of our vulnerable population and standardizing the provision of clinical services across the divisions. There is also a focus on strengthening existing human resource capacity to meet our service delivery needs at our health facilities. The current budget support will further strengthen staffing across the health service divisions.

An ongoing initiative this year is to further improve the provision of medical products and equipment through overall supply chain strengthening process. We appreciate the importance of a strong supply chain management system in delivering effective and timely health care services.

I acknowledge the hard work and dedication of all staff and look forward to ongoing support to meet the current and anticipated demands on the health services. I also look forward to working closely with all stakeholders in implementing this plan.

Ør. James Fong Permanent Secretary

1.0 Corporate Profile

Vision A healthy population

Mission

Empowering Fijians to achieve optimal health and well-being through the delivery of cost-effective, quality and inclusive health services



Reform public health services to provide a population-based approach for diseases and the climate crisis

Values:

Accountability, Excellence, Inclusiveness, Integrity, Professionalism, Trust, Innovation



Drive efficient and effective management of the health system



Increase access to quality, safe and patient-focused clinical services

1.1 Roles and Functions of the Ministry

The Ministry's role emanates from its core responsibility of delivering quality preventive, curative and rehabilitative health services to the population through its hospitals, health centers and nursing stations throughout the country in a consistent and equitable manner. There is a focus on maintaining continuum of care from community-level primary health care services up to tertiary level care at Divisional Hospitals. This is supported by a broad range of relevant policies, standards, and protocols to ensure safe, high quality services are delivered at all levels of the health system, from nursing stations, health centers, sub-divisional hospitals to divisional hospitals.

Strengthening primary health care

Primary health care is mostly delivered at nursing stations and health centers. The Ministry is focusing on improving the access, coverage and quality of primary health care through an integrated health systems approach.

Supporting secondary level care

The sub-divisional hospitals deliver secondary level care. The Ministry is focusing on strengthening sub-divisional hospital capacity and the clinical capability of sub-divisional hospital staff to enable greater devolution of clinical workloads from divisional hospitals.

Improving and expanding tertiary level care

The three divisional hospitals in Suva, Lautoka and Labasa provide a range of tertiary healthcare with ongoing efforts to expand specialized clinical services.

The Ministry's functions can be realigned under the following broad categories based on the type of services delivered through its various facilities.

1. Curative and Rehabilitative Health

Curative care is delivered through the various facilities of the Ministry at different health care delivery levels. The National Rehabilitation Department at Tamavua Twomey Hospital also provides rehabilitation services to severely disabled persons namely spinal paralysis, stroke victims, prosthetic fitting for amputees and other cases of debility.

The Clinical Services Networks (CSN's) provide clinical advice for the various clinical disciplines for strengthening the delivery of clinical services.

2. Preventive and Promotive Health

The Ministry has taken a wellness approach to health by taking initiatives to ensure that healthy people remain healthy by making appropriate lifestyle choices. There is a shift in focus from a disease or illness based approach to a wellness-centered approach.

There is a focus on adopting a life-course approach to maternal, infant, child and adolescent health, with a continuum of health care delivery, extending from sexual and reproductive health services through pregnancy, delivery, childhood and adolescence.

There are also ongoing efforts to reduce the overall health burden of communicable diseases by providing effective programs and services for prevention and control of communicable diseases.

• Wellness

The wellness approach to health has been identified as an important strategy for a whole of society approach to reduce NCD risk factors. The Wellness Division focuses on enhancing the usage of quality, accessible and valuable information for supporting wellness behavioral choices at all levels. There is an overall shift from being disease focused to addressing the social determinants of health through a multisectoral approach.

Health Protection

The Health Protection Division is a culmination of ongoing efforts to integrate the overall communicable disease program by strengthening and integrating key functions. This will improve overall coordination for the prevention and risk management of communicable diseases.

• Family Health

The Family Health Department's key aims are to manage, implement, monitor and evaluate programs pertaining to Child Health, Maternal Health, HIV/STI's, Reproductive Health and Gender. There is an overall focus on reducing the burden of ill health among women, children and adolescents.

3. Health Systems Strengthening

Health systems' strengthening is essential to achieving effectiveness, efficiency, equitable access, accountability, and sustainability of health services. The focus is on strengthening health system standards across the key health systems building blocks which are leadership/governance, health care financing, health workforce, medical products, technologies, health information and research.

Human Resource

The Human Resource (HR) Department oversees the effective management of all HR related activities, programs and issues and provides advice on recruitment, posting, leave administration, learning & development, strategic workforce planning process and industrial relations matters.

• Finance and Asset Management

Finance and Asset Management Division is responsible for the implementation of service-wide policies and procedures in relation to finance, budget, accounts and asset management. The Division is responsible for preparation of budget submission for the Ministry in consultation with the respective cost centres and monitoring the utilization of the annual budget including, compliance to Financial Management Act, Finance Instruction, the Finance manual and the General Orders.

This Division also looks after capital construction projects for the Ministry in consultation with different stakeholders and is responsible for overseeing the repair and maintenance of health facilities around the country.

• Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Services

Fiji Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Services (FPBS) core service is the supply chain management of medical supplies and health commodities. FPBS focuses on improving access to essential medicinal products of assured quality, safety, efficacy and cost-effectiveness.

The Essential Medicines Authority at FPBS is responsible for the development of product standardization and promoting rational use of medicine, whilst the Medicines Regulatory Authority is responsible for the strengthening of quality assurance processes for products imported in the country including the random testing of medicinal products.

• Planning and Policy Development

Planning and Policy Development Division (PPDD) is responsible for policy development, analysis and coordination of policy related activities as well as evidence-based health planning including the development of medium to long term strategies and annual operational plans.

PPDD's role also includes facilitating health services planning. PPDD has a healthcare financing section that develops National Health Accounts and assists with analysis of services and programs.

Research, Innovation, Data Analysis and Management

The Research, Innovation, Digital Health, Data Analysis and Management Unit has been newly set-up to support and strengthen research and innovation in the Ministry. This is an initiation of ongoing efforts to ensure that good quality evidence is used to guide decisions about health sector strategy, functioning and oversight. The division has also taken over the role of Digital Health.

The Division is therefore, responsible for the development of information and communication technology for digital health and analyses including the ICT services for eHealth for the Ministry including procurement, expansion of network connectivity, server administration, management of databases (health applications) and website. The Division also conducts awareness and training for all health applications.

The Division will generate evidence and identify key areas for policy making in the Ministry and ensure that research is recognized as a key function to guide policy and decision making.

• Nursing and Midwifery Division

The Nursing and Midwifery Division is responsible for the planning, coordination and evaluation of the delivery of nursing services including the development, coordination and monitoring of nursing standards, policies, guidelines and protocols designed to direct and inform patient care, community health services, specialist nursing care and nursing management. The Division also supports the Fiji Nursing Council for the professional registration of Nurses and manages the Community Health Workers programme.

• Executive Support Unit

The Executive Support Unit is responsible for high-level executive support and administrative services for the Ministry's Executive. The Unit maintains awareness, identifies and investigates emerging corporate issues which may require the direct intervention of the Executive and ensures they are properly briefed and advised. It manages the Ministry's engagement with cabinet, parliament and the media. The Unit is now also responsible for managing development partner coordination and related issues.

• Clinical Support Services

There are a number of clinical support functions that are based at Ministry's headquarters that provide specific support to Hospitals and Divisions. The key functions under this area are outlined below and will be coordinated by the Head of Clinical Support Services who will report to the Chief Medical Advisor:

- Patient Safety and Quality
- Visiting Medical Teams
- Overseas Referrals
- Blood and Ambulance Services

Legislative Framework

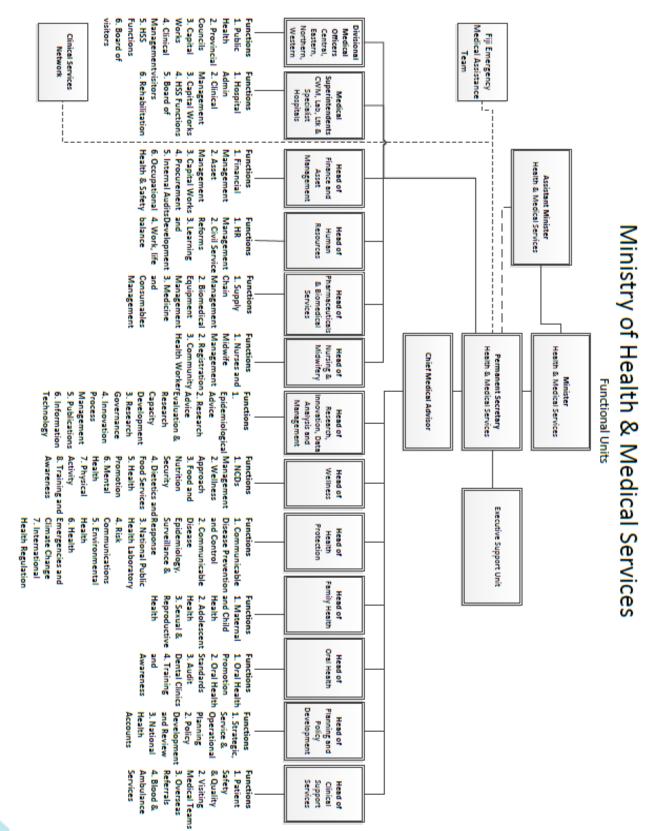
The Ministry of Health and Medical Services operates under the following legislative framework:

No	Description
1	Allied Health Practitioners Decree 2011
2	Ambulance Services Decree 2010
3	Burial and Cremation Act
4	Constitution of the Republic of Fiji 2013
5	Child Welfare Decree 2010
6	Child Welfare (Amendment) Decree 2013
7	Fiji National Provident Fund Decree 2011
8	Fiji Procurement Act 2010
9	Financial Administration Decree 2009
10	Financial Instructions 2005
11	Financial Management Act 2004
12	Financial Manual 2019
13	Food Safety Act 2003
14	HIV/AIDS Decree 2011
15	HIV/AIDS (Amendment) Decree 2011
16	Illicit Drugs Control Act 2004
17	Marketing Controls (Food for Infants and Children) Regulation 2010
18	Medical Imaging Technologist Decree 2009
19	Medical and Dental Practitioner Decree 2010
20	Medical and Dental Practitioners (Amendment) Decree 2014
21	Medical and Dental Practitioners (Amendment) Act 2017
22	Medical and Dental Practitioner (Amendment) Act 2018
23	Medical Assistants Act (Cap.113)
24	Medicinal Products Decree 2011
25	Medicinal Products (Amendment) Act 2018
26	Mental Health Decree 2010
27	Mental Treatment Act (Cap 113)
29	Nurses Decree 2011
30	Nursing (Amendment) Act 2018

31	Pharmacy Profession Decree 2011
32	Pharmacy Profession (Amendment) Act 2017
33	Private Hospitals Act (Cap. 256A)
34	Public Health Act (Cap. 111)
35	Public Health (Amendment) Act 2018
36	Public Health (COVID-19 Response) (Amendment) Act 2020
37	Public Health (Amendment) Act 2021
38	Public Hospitals & Dispensaries Act (Cap 110)
39	Public Hospitals & Dispensaries (Amendment) Regulations 2012
40	Public Hospitals and Dispensaries (Amendment) Act 2018
41	Optometrist and Dispensing Optician Decree 2012
42	Occupational Health and Safety at Work Act 1996
43	Quarantine Act (Cap. 112)
44	Quarantine (Amendment) Decree 2010
45	Radiation Health Decree 2009
46	Tobacco Control Decree 2010
47	Tobacco Control Regulation 2012
48	The Food Safety Regulation 2009
49	The Food Establishment Grading Regulation 2011







1.3 Statement of Core Business

The core function of the Ministry of Health and Medical Services is to provide high quality healthcare through capable governance and systems to the people of Fiji. We are committed to improve primary, secondary and tertiary healthcare. We are committed to ensuring the provision of accessible, equitable and affordable health services to all citizens of Fiji without discrimination.

A three-tiered structure provides our integrated services at primary, secondary and tertiary levels through our hospitals, health centers and nursing stations throughout the country, in a consistent and equitable manner.

The core business of the Ministry is delivered through three strategic priority areas focusing on:

Strategic Priority 1- Reform public health services to provide a population-based approach for diseases and the climate crisis

An integrated approach to public health is the basis of reforming our public health services. Here we define public health as preventing disease, prolonging life and promoting health through the organised efforts of society. Core to this is ensuring we seek ways to expand the availability of promotive, protective and preventive care across all islands.

Strategic Priority 2 -Increase access to quality, safe and patient-focused clinical services

Strengthening patient services and the continuum of care is a major focus area. 'Patient services' covers the primary and secondary care approach to serving people, in terms of the curative, rehabilitative and palliative health services they need.

Strategic Priority 3 -Drive efficient and effective management of the health system

Strong systems underpin our public health and clinical services. We focus on improving the performance of the health system in meeting the needs of the population, including effectiveness, efficiency, equitable access, accountability, and sustainability. We seek innovation and evidence to improve our efficiency and effectiveness.



2.0 **Strategic Priorities**

2.1 Strategic Focus and Goals

The strategic direction for the Ministry is outlined in the Ministry's Strategic Plan 2020-2025. The strategic priorities are inextricably linked along the continuum of care. The strategies are based on supporting individuals, communities and islands across Fiji that are more vulnerable than others. The ultimate goal is to progress towards Universal Health Coverage (UHC) and a systems-level approach to health is a key driver to improving health care and providing UHC.

groups.

The plan has three strategic priorities and 14 outcomes which are:



Reform public health services to provide a population-based



particular emphasis on women, children and young people through prevention measures. approach for diseases and Safeguard against environmental threats and public health emergencies. the climate crisis • Strengthen population-wide resilience to the climate crisis. • Improve patient health outcomes, with a particular focus on services for women, children, young people and vulnerable Increase access to quality, groups. safe and patient-focused • Strengthen and decentralise effective clinical services, including rehabilitation, to meet the needs of the population. clinical services • Continuously improve patient safety, and the quality and value of services. • Cultivate a competent and capable workforce where the contribution of every staff member is recognised and valued. Improve the efficiency of supply chain management and procurement systems, and maintenance of equipment. • Implement more efficient financial processes, while reducing the Drive efficient and financial hardship of the most vulnerable. • Ensure infrastructure is maintained to match service needs. effective management of • Harness digital technologies to facilitate better health care for our the health system patients. • Continue to strengthen planning and governance throughout the MHMS. • Widen our collaboration with partners for a more efficient, innovative and higher-quality health system.

• Reduce CD and NCD disease prevalence, especially for vulnerable

• Improve the physical and mental well-being of all citizens with

2.2 Linkage to Government Priorities

Sustainable Development	NDP Targeted Outcome [Goal/ Policy Objective]	NDP/SDG Performance Indicators	Ministry's Outcome
Reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	Expand investment in approaches to address non-communicable diseases, including nutrition, mental health and injuries, within and beyond the health sector	Percentage of children under 5 years of age who are overweight Population prevalence of diabetes	Reduce communicable disease and non- communicable disease prevalence, especially for vulnerable groups
Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks	Retrofit health facilities to improve energy and water efficiency	% of health facilities meeting minimal standards for emergency and disaster preparedness	Strengthen population-wide resilience to the climate crisis
End the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases.	Improve case detection and coordinated response to reduce communicable disease morbidity and Mortality	Incidence of leprosy per 100,000 population Prevalence of lymphatic Filariasis Case fatality rate for Leptospirosis Case fatality rate for typhoid Case fatality rate for dengue fever Total number of confirmed HIV cases Prevalence rate of tuberculosis per 100,000 population	Reduce communicable disease and non- communicable disease prevalence, especially for vulnerable groups
Reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	Expand investment in approaches to address non-communicable diseases, including nutrition, mental health and injuries, within and beyond the health sector	Premature mortality due to NCDs	Strengthen and decentralise effective clinical services, including rehabilitation, to meet the needs of the population
Reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100 000 live births	All pregnant women, including teenagers, mothers and newborns receive timely, safe, appropriate	Reduce Maternal Mortality ratio	

Susta	inable Development	NDP Targeted Outcome [Goal/ Policy Objective]	NDP/SDG Performance Indicators	Ministry's Outcome
		and effective health services before, during, and after childbirth		
SYRS	End preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1000 live births	All pregnant women, including teenagers, mothers and newborns receive timely, safe, appropriate and effective health services before, during, and after childbirth Provide access to quality preventive and curative paediatric and nutritional services	Reduce neonatal Mortality Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 total births % of live births with low birth weight Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births Under 5 mortality rate per 1,000 live births	Improve patient health outcomes, with a particular focus on services for women, children, young people and vulnerable groups
	Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	Reform Supply Chain Management and ensure high quality medicinal products are rationally used and readily accessible to all residents	Average availability of selected essential medicines in public and private health facilities	Improve the efficiency of supply chain management and procurement systems, and maintenance of equipment
	Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries,	Recruit, train and retain a qualified, motivated health workforce that is caring, customer-focused, and responsive to population health needs	Ratio of skilled healthcare workers (doctors, nurses, midwives) per 10,000 population	Cultivate a competent and capable workforce where the contribution of every staff member is recognised and valued
	especially in least developed countries and small island developing States	Improve health financing, equity and efficiency	Current health expenditure per capita, current FJD General government expenditure on health as a proportion of general government expenditure Ratio of household out-of-pocket payments for health to current health expenditure	Implement more efficient financial processes whilst reducing the financial hardship of the most vulnerable

3.0 Situation Analysis

There were several key initiatives that were implemented that provided the platform for further strengthening these initiatives and integrating into our normative functions. The governance structures set up and strengthened during previous waves of the pandemic enabled effective communication and operationalization of key strategies. The ongoing regular updates, discussions and communication continued to support the teams in effectively resolving issues on the ground.

There were also several service delivery initiatives implemented that could be further strengthened and used to expand service delivery at community level as part of our broader initiative to progress towards universal health coverage. There were several opportunities identified to further strengthen clinical services both within health facilities and beyond. There were also connections built with other partners such as CSO's and FBO's to extend reach into communities.

The importance of linkages between clinical services and public health services became more prominent and was further supported through the Divisional Command Centers and Sub-divisional Operations Centers. Several issue such as managing bed blocks as well as referral of patients were looked at and addressed. The role of FEMAT was also expanded, based on needs at operational level and FEMAT provided support to sustain service delivery in key areas. The key aim has been on sustaining the delivery of services across all the divisions. In terms of more specific areas of service delivery, there was a gradual shift in focus towards NCD and wellness initiatives. This became an area of need as we started developing more proactive approaches for managing our vulnerable population. This included monitoring through line lists and working closely with our communities.

Health system support has been critical in responding to the pandemic and is vital for future sustainability of health service delivery. Human resources has been a critical component and there have been many challenges in this area. The system is built on an efficiency model, which means that there are no additional staff to handle surge capacity with mobilizing staff being the major strategy. This, in itself is challenging as the pandemic had affected all divisions around similar timelines, making the mobilization of resources between divisions more difficult. The issues around staff conditions, including overtime, meal claims, remuneration and retention have become key areas of focus as we continue to strengthen our HR capacity.

Medicinal Products and technology, including biomedical equipment is a challenging area in terms of global supply chain issues. Donations and development partner support in this area has assisted in easing the burden and enabled the sustainable delivery of services. The information systems had a positive impact in making key information available for decision making and communication to the public as well as assisting in service delivery. The role of telehealth also reemerged and provided a means of improving accessibility to services. This also sets the platform for using such technology to further progress towards universal health coverage.

The Ministry has identified and recognizes the need for continuous health systems strengthening across key areas that have a direct impact on our service delivery. The Ministry is working on further strengthening capacities in collaboration with development partners and other key sectors.

The Ministry has identified and recognizes the need for health systems strengthening across key areas that have a direct impact on our pandemic preparedness and response. The Ministry is working on further strengthening capacities in collaboration with development partners and other key sectors.

4.0 Aim

The intent of the Annual Operational Plan (AOP) 2022-2023 is still based on the operationalization of the Strategic Plan (SP) 2020-2025, however the developments over the last two years has also shaped the focus areas for this year.

The broader priorities outlined in the SP, are still relevant, however the changing demands in service delivery (operational) needs has been an important consideration in developing key outputs and activities. The specific strategic focus for this year is on "building back better and stronger" that covers key health systems strengthening components, at the core of all our initiatives are our customers. The strengthening of service delivery initiatives i.e. both clinical and public health, focuses on improving customer care and satisfaction.

The Ministry's overall focus for 2022-2023 is summarized under the broader key areas outlined below. It is anticipated that a major focus for this fiscal year will be on building back better through several key initiatives including quality improvement and customer care, remodeling health services with an in-depth focus on building resilient health systems and strengthening our human resources.

The objective is to align service delivery based on emerging needs throughout the fiscal year and working smarter within the allocated resources to achieve the Ministry's service delivery targets.

- 1. Strengthen public health services based on an integrated approach to service delivery with targeted approaches for Communicable Diseases and Non-Communicable Diseases based on emerging needs and priorities.
- 2. Improving environmental health and effectively addressing the ongoing risks of public health emergencies and climate change with an overall aim of reducing the burden of Communicable Diseases.
- 3. Strengthening and supporting clinical services delivery with a focus on bringing targeted services closer to the people. This includes strengthening and decentralizing selected clinical services, to meet the needs of the population whilst strengthening service delivery from hospitals.
- 4. Maintaining accessibility to quality, safe and patient-focused clinical services and strengthening the continuum of care with a focus on strengthening service provision across the divisions.
- 5. Delivering specific services targeting maternal, neonatal, perinatal and child health outcomes based on current needs.
- 6. Building resilient health systems, with a broad range of initiatives focusing on:
 - ^o Improving and upgrading current health facilities, reviewing processes and improving efficiency and effectiveness in terms of service delivery.



5.0 2022-2023 Budget Highlights

The total proposed budget for the Ministry in 2022-2023 is **\$395.1m**, comprising **\$355.8m** for operating expenditure, **\$28.7m** for capital expenditure and VAT of **\$10.6m**. The 2022-2023 budget will be attributed to the following initiatives:

Budget Summary Table

Ministry Budget summary FY2022-2023

Budget Category	Summary (\$m)	Initiatives
Operating	355,756.8	 An increase in service delivery outcomes through strengthening of patient services and continuum of care. Improved access to services by strengthening clinical services, including outreach services. There is an overall focus on quality and value of services. Improved productivity and effectiveness of our health system; with a special focus on strengthening workforce and supply chain processes
Capital	28,724.8	 MHMS infrastructure is maintained to meet operational and population needs in compliance with all relevant health service standards
VAT	10,637.3	
Total	395,118.8	



6.1 AOP outputs

The Ministry's Annual Operational Plan outcomes and outputs are aligned to the strategic objectives of the Ministry's Strategic Plan 2020-2025 and the National Development Plan (NDP). The outputs that have been developed relate to our mandate and each health facility, programme and division contributes to the attainment of the key performance indicators (KPIs). The Ministry's outputs and performance targets are set out in the table below.

Public Health Services

The integrated approach to public health and strengthening the continuum of care for patients remains the underlying approach. There is a greater focus on non-communicable diseases and addressing the needs of our vulnerable population, including setting up tracking systems and reaching out to vulnerable population groups in communities. There is renewed emphasis on communicable disease surveillance, including the establishment of community based networks.

This Plan has outlined a number of activities under the respective areas; the achievement in these areas may be impacted by the overall changing demands on our public health resources. Overall, we aim to further build on our previous efforts and take a more targeted approach towards the delivery of public health services.

Delivery of clinical services

The delivery of clinical services will focus on strengthening the delivery of services from our health facilities, with a particular emphasis on strengthening services at Divisional and Sub-divisional Hospitals. This will be further supported by strengthening governance structures such as the Divisional and Sub-divisional Command Centers. There is renewed emphasis on strengthening customer care and patient experience across all facilities and service areas.

Decentralization of services from the main divisional hospitals has been a major strategy in sustaining the continuity of service delivery. The priorities within this, is largely driven by the Divisional needs and priorities and hospital resources dedicated to this area. This is an area that will be further strengthened based on the service delivery needs.

Health Systems Issues

The building back better and stronger is a key initiative focusing on health systems strengthening. Health system capacities in the areas of human resources (clinical workforce), medical products and technology, infrastructure as well as diagnostic services have become major areas of focus. The importance of supporting governance structures is also an important consideration under this priority area, with a focus on quality and process improvements at all levels.

The AOP Table 2 with key performance indicators are attached as Annex 1. The following table shows activities aligned to budget.

Strategic Priority 1- Reform public health services to provide a population-based approach for diseases and the climate crisis

Outcome 1.1: Reduce communicable and non-communicable disease prevalence, especially for vulnerable groups

Output 1.1.1: Preventative programmes targeting risk factors implemented

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.1.1.1 Establish healthy settings	Divisions	218,000
	Wellness	
1.1.1.2 Conduct Health Promoting School audits in collaboration	Divisions	
with Ministry of Education Heritage and Arts (MEHA)	Wellness	
1.1.1.3 Conduct health promotion activities	Divisions	
	Wellness	
1.1.1.4 Conduct oral health promotion in schools	Divisions	163,500
1.1.1.5 Provide dental care to primary schools	Wellness	
1.1.1.6 Provide oral health counselling at ANC and MCH clinics		
1.1.1.7 Conduct population screening with counseling on risk	Divisions	163,500
factors	Wellness	
1.1.1.8 Conduct community awareness on CD and NCD	Divisions	
	Wellness	
1.1.1.9 Tracking plans and action plans developed for	Divisions	
vulnerable population	Hospitals	
1.1.1.10 Implementation of food and nutrition security	Wellness	54,500
programme		
1.1.1.11 Conduct and enhance control and elimination activities	Divisions	396,760
for prioritized Communicable Diseases (CD) focusing on	Health Protection	
reduction to eliminate		

Output 1.1.2: Strengthen the integrated approach to preventive initiatives in communities through multidisciplinary teams

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.1.2.1 Submission of monthly CHW reports	Divisions	3,270,000
	Nursing	
1.1.2.2 Roll out community engagement training with CHW	Divisions	
	Nursing	
1.1.2.3 Provision of integrated outreach services to the	Hospitals	379,685
communities	Divisions	

1.1.2.4 Integrated outreach services available to the communities	Wellness	
through partnership with NGOs, and Faith based organizations	Divisions	

Output 1.1.3: Strengthen surveillance, case detection and diagnosis for CDs and NCDs

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.1.3.1 Monitor seasonal LTD outbreaks and conduct community surveillance accordingly	Divisions	
1.1.3.2 Conduct community profiling	Divisions	
1.1.3.3 Development of LTD outbreak preparedness plan	Divisions Health Protection	
1.1.3.4 Active Communicable disease committee		87,200
1.1.3.5 Public awareness campaign on LTDs through radio, TV ads and talkback shows	Communications Officer Divisions	
1.1.3.6 Contextualized communication based on targeted population		
1.1.3.7 Prevention and control of LTDs	Divisions	
1.1.3.8 Training of clinicians on early diagnosis, treatment and referral for LTDs	Hospitals Health Protection	
1.1.3.9 Implement Tuberculosis control activities to achieve strategic targets	Tamavua Twomey Hospital	163,500
1.1.3.10 Report new HIV case	CSN – Obstetrics and	
	Gynecology	
	Paediatric	
	Family Health	
	Divisions	
1.1.3.11 Early diagnosis and treatment for all HIV patients	Family Health	98,100
	Divisions	
1.1.3.12 Early diagnosis and treatment of STIs	Family Health	
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	
1.1.3.13 Early Diagnosis and treatment of Hepatitis B	Family Health	
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	
1.1.3.14 Maintain and expand Early Warning, Alert and Response	Divisions	
System (EWARS) at divisional and national level	Health Protection	
1.1.3.15 Prevention and control of vaccine preventable disease	Divisions	
	Health Protection	
1.1.3.16 Implementation of COVID 19 activities	IMT	500,000
	Health Protection	
	Divisions	

Outcome 1.2: Improve the physical and mental well-being of all citizens, with particular focus on women, children and young people through prevention measures

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.1.1 Booking access available at nursing stations and health	Divisions	
centres levels	Hospitals	
1.2.1.2 Strengthen Postnatal Clinic Services	Hospitals	
1.2.1.3 Postnatal checklist to be administered at all levels of care	Divisions	
(down to nursing station)	CSN -Obstetrics and	
	Gynaecology	
1.2.1.4 Detect, diagnose and refer high-risk cases early	Hospitals	
	Divisions	
	CSN -Obstetrics and	
	Gynaecology	
1.2.1.5 Mental Health Gap Action Plan (mhGAP) capacity building	Divisions	109,000
and supervisory visits	Wellness	
1.2.1.6 Audit of health facilities for Mental Health Gap Action Plan adherence		
1.2.1.7 Provision of psychosocial support through partners	Wellness	
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	

Output 1.2.2: Strengthened immunisation services and NCDs screening at maternal and child health clinics

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.2.1 Conduct childhood vaccination programme	Hospitals	
	Divisions	
	Family Health	
1.2.2.2 Review and update the EPI policy and Cold Chain guidelines	Family Health	
1.2.2.3 Development of MCH policy for Fiji	Family Health	
1.2.2.4 NCD kits available in MCH clinics for screening of mothers	Divisions	
	Wellness	
1.2.2.5 Screening of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health	Divisions	
clinics	Family Health	

Output 1.2.3: Improved breastfeeding and nutrition for children

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.3.1 Facilitate Internal and External Assessment and	Hospitals	21,800
Reaccreditation processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)	Divisions	
1.2.3.2 Strengthen infant and young child feeding (IYCF)	Wellness Family Health	21,800

Output 1.2.4: Strengthen Early Childhood Development (ECD)

Activities	Responsible	
1.2.4.1 Development of an ECD multisectoral policy.	Family Health	

Output 1.2.5: Improved prevention, detection and diagnosis of childhood illnesses

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.5.1 Management of Rheumatic Heart Disease(RHD) cases at all	Divisions	54,500
health care levels	Wellness	
1.2.5.2 Provision of holistic care for RHD cases according to guideline at sub divisional levels	Hospitals	
	Family Health	
1.2.5.3 Provide nutritional program/support in Maternal and Child	Hospitals	54,500
Health Clinics	Divisions	
	Wellness	
1.2.5.4 Implementation of dietetics and nutrition programme	Wellness	
	Hospitals	
1.2.5.5 Maintain functional IMCI activities at all health facilities	Divisions	163,500
	Family Health	

Output 1.2.6: Strengthened adolescent health services

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.6.1 Develop Adolescent Health Services (AHS) Care package	Family Health	54,500
1.2.6.2 Review AHS training manual		
1.2.6.3 Conduct relevant AHS trainings		

Output 1.2.7: Strengthened breast and cervical cancer prevention, screening and diagnosis

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.2.7.1 Conduct cervical cancer screening at health facilities and in	Divisions	
communities	Family Health	32,700

1.2.7.2 Review and finalize cervical cancer screening policy	Family Health	
	CSN -Obstetrics and	
	Gynaecology	

Outcome 1.3: Safeguard against environmental threats and public health emergencies

Output 1.3.1: Improvement in the effectiveness of environmental health service delivery

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.3.1.1 Development and implementation of Drinking Water Safety	Divisions	
plan (DWSP) in communities	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	
1.3.1.2 Development and Implementation of Water, Sanitation and	Divisions	
Hygiene (WASH) facilities in the communities within the 4	Health Protection	
health divisions	[EHU]	
1.3.1.3 Implementation of WASH cluster activities	Divisions	234,350
	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	
1.3.1.4 Auditing of drinking water standards in villages/	Divisions	
settlements	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	
1.3.1.5 Conduct surveillance, prevention and control of vector born	Divisions	
disease through Integrated Vector Management (IVM) program	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	
1.3.1.6 Improve food safety control and hygiene through, Good	Divisions	163,500
Hygiene Practices (GHP) and food establishment grading	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	
1.3.1.7 Tobacco free settings established in communities	Divisions	109,000
	Health Protection	
	[EHU]	

Output 1.3.2: Strengthen preparedness and resilience to public health emergencies

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
1.3.2.1 IHR self-assessment annual reporting compliance	Divisions	
	Health Protection	
1.3.2.2 Administration of COVID 19 vaccination	Family Health	2,798,400
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	

1.3.2.3 Administration of booster dose to vulnerable priority	Divisions	
groups in the communities	Hospitals	

Outcome 1.4: Strengthen population-wide resilience to the climate crisis

Output 1.4.1: Strengthen role of Fiji Emergency Medical Assistance Team (FEMAT) including disaster preparedness, management and resilience

Activities	Responsible	Budget
1.4.1.1 Deploy FEMAT to support essential service delivery in	FEMAT	
areas of need		

Output 1.4.2: Improvement in disaster preparedness and response to climate change effects

Activities	Responsible	Budget
1.4.2.1 Conduct assessment of healthcare facilities for Climate Resilience and Environmental Sustainability (CRESHCF) using the Guidelines for CRESHCF and	Health Protection [EHU] HECC	545,000
1.4.2.2 Prepare concept proposals for prioritized vulnerable HCFs		

Strategic Priority 2 - Increase access to quality, safe and patient focused clinical services

Outcome 2.1: Improve patient health outcomes, with a particular focus on services for women, children, young people and vulnerable groups

Output 2.1.1: Increased access to maternal and child health services based on population needs

Activities	Responsible	Budget
2.1.1.1 Implementation of Mother Newborn Safe Hospital	Hospitals	109,000
Initiative (MNSHI) standards in divisional and sub divisional health facilities	Divisions	
2.1.1.2 Conduct biannual internal audits of sub divisional hospitals for MNSHI compliance	CSN -Obstetrics and Gynecology Family Health	

Outcome 2.2: Strengthen and decentralize effective clinical services, including rehabilitation, to meet the needs of the population

Output 2.2.1: Increase access to effective treatment and specialist services

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
2.2.1.1 Decentralization of curative services from the Divisional	Hospitals	201,650
hospitals	Divisions	
2.2.1.2 Utilization of telehealth services	Hospitals	
	Divisions	
2.2.1.3 Conduct clinical outreach utilising FEMAT	Hospitals	
	Divisions	
2.2.1.4 Rehabilitation programme including outreach for	Tamavua/ Twomey	372,528
rehabilitation	Hospital	

Output 2.2.2: Strengthen clinical management of priority NCDs

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
2.2.2.1 Strengthen the implementation of the Package of Essential	Divisions	
Noncommunicable disease (PEN) interventions	Wellness	
2.2.2.2 Delivery of inpatient care services for NCD related admissions	Hospitals	10,953,570

Output 2.2.3: Efficient and effective referral system

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
2.2.3.1 Efficient management of overseas medical referral	Overseas Medical	1,635,000
applications	Referral	

Outcome 2.3: Continuously improve patient safety, and the quality and value of services

Output 2.3.1: Provision of standardized clinical services

Activities	Responsible	Budget
2.3.1.1 Strengthen clinical governance, Patient Safety and quality	Hospitals	
practices in all health facilities	Patient Safety and	
2.3.1.2 Development of National Infection Prevention and Control action plan		
	Nursing	

Output 2.3.2: Improved patient safety and reduced variation of care

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
2.3.2.1 Strengthen Infection Prevention and Control practice in all	Hospitals	
health service facilities		

2.3.2.2 Establish national hospital acquired infection surveillance and response(control)	Patient Safety and Quality
2.3.2.3 Conduct Infection Prevention and Control internal audits	Hospitals Divisions
 2.3.2.4 Strengthen National Patient Safety Response in all health facilities 2.3.2.5 Monitoring and implementation of Root Cause Analysis (RCA) recommendations 	Hospitals Divisions Patient Safety and Quality Nursing

Output 2.3.3: Improved quality and value of services by improving efficiency and reducing wastage

Activities	Responsible	Budget
2.3.3.1 Improve customer services and clinical service delivery at all	Hospitals	
health facilities	Divisions	
2.3.3.2 Efficient management of customer complaints through	Patient Safety and	
#157	Quality	
2.3.3.3 Strengthen the role of the Command Centres to address	Divisions	
customer complaints	Hospitals	
	Patient Safety and	
	Quality	
2.3.3.4 Initiate improvement of quality and safety standards at health facilities	Divisions	10,900
	Hospitals	
	FPBS	
	HQ	
2.3.3.5 Create awareness on 5S- KAIZEN	Patient Safety and	
	Quality	
2.3.3.6 Establishment of bed block management system in the divisional hospital	Hospitals	

Strategic Priority 3 – Drive efficient and effective management of the health system

Outcome 3.1: Cultivate a competent and capable workforce where the contribution of every staff member is recognised and valued

Output 3.1.1: Implement plans and policies to manage the workforce and working environment

Activities	Responsible	Budget
3.1.1.1 Align existing human resources policies and plans in	Human Resources	
accordance with Civil Service Guidelines and applicable employment legislations to support delivery of services	Divisions Hospitals	

r	1	
	FPBS	
	Fiji CDC	
	HQ	
3.1.1.2 Review HR Business processes and implement recommendations	Human Resources	
3.1.1.3 Process in place to address harassment and	Human	
bullying at work	Resources	
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	
	FPBS	
	Fiji CDC	
	HQ	

Output 3.1.2: Attract, select, recruit, retain and empower the right people to create a diverse, inclusive and engaged workforce

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
 3.1.2.1 Timely recruitment and selection of staff to ensure all health facilities are adequately resourced 3.1.2.2 Efficient processing of vacant positions 	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ	235,288,557
3.1.2.3 Processes established to address vacancies created by sudden resignations	Nursing Human Resources Divisions Hospitals Nursing	
3.1.2.4 Submission of monthly P2P report to HQ	Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ	
3.1.2.5 Review and align allied health establishment (Medical Imaging Technologist, Laboratory, Pharmacy, Health Inspectors)	Human Resources	
3.1.2.6 Performance assessment conducted in compliance with Transition Performance Management Guidelines	Human Resources	
	Divisions Hospitals FPBS	
	HQ	20

3.1.2.7 Transfer of staff effected to address staff shortage	Human	
and to ensure efficient and effective health service	Resources	
delivery	Divisions	
	Hospitals	
	FPBS	
	HQ	
	Nursing	
3.1.2.8 Analysis of exit questionnaire and report submitted	Human Resources	

Output 3.1.3: Provide opportunities for professional development to achieve a more engaged, skilled and satisfied workforce

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
 3.1.3.1 Payment of NTPC Levy and Grant Claims are processed in accordance with NTPC Grants Scheme 5 within the required timeframe 3.1.3.2 Facilitate learning and development opportunities for all staff 	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ	1,560,593
3.1.3.3 Coordinate and facilitate Continuing Professional Development[CPD] of Registered Nurses/Midwives and Nurse Practitioners	Nursing	
3.1.3.4 Monitor compliance to Occupational Health & Safety	Divisions Hospitals Human Resources Finance and Asset Management	32,700

Outcome 3.2: Improve the efficiency of supply chain management and procurement systems, and maintenance of equipment

Output 3.2.1: Improved availability and accessibility to medical products

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.2.1.1 Maintain an effective supply chain management	Pharmaceutical and Biomedical	54,486,399
system	Services	
3.2.1.2 Rollout of mSupply chain management system		
3.2.1.3 Reform of the Free Medicines Program	1	

Output 3.2.2: Quality assurance processes for all medical supplies established

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.2.2.1 Review of the National AMR Action Plan	Pharmaceutical and Biomedical	85,020
	Services	
3.2.2.2 Review and develop Pharmaceutical Sector	Pharmaceutical and Biomedical	
Strategic Plan	Services	

Output 3.2.3: Improved functionality of biomedical & dental equipment in health facilities

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.2.3.1 Support the maintenance of existing biomedical	Pharmaceutical and Biomedical	
and dental equipment	Services	8,855,421
3.2.3.2 Biomedical equipment aligned to service needs and		
new infrastructure development		

Outcome 3.3: Implement more efficient financial processes whilst reducing the financial hardship of the most vulnerable

Output 3.3.1: Improved budget execution and financial performance

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.3.3.1 Collate budget execution data and rectify areas of	Finance and Asset Management	
high expenditure at facility level		42,027,029
3.3.3.2 Regular budget monitoring		
3.3.3.3 Conduct mid-term budget review		
3.3.3.4 Efficient processing of monthly allowance for	Finance	
CHW's	Nursing	
	Divisions	

Outcome 3.4: Ensure infrastructure is maintained to match service needs

Output 3.4.1: Infrastructure and assets upgraded based on needs

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.4.1.1 Upgrade current infrastructure to meet service	Finance and Asset Management	15,216,362
delivery needs including repairs due to climate change		
3.4.1.2 Health care facilities retrofitted to achieve climate		
resilience		
3.4.1.3 Conduct comprehensive infrastructure audit and	Hospitals	
develop contingency plan to address issues	FPBS	
3.4.1.1 Utilization of minor works budget	Asset Management Unit	1,090,000

3.4.1.2 Develop prioritized action plan based on needs for minor works and submit to AMU	Human Resources FPBS	
3.4.1.3 Submission of Monthly vehicle returns to AMU	Hospitals	
	Divisions	
	FPBS	
3.4.1.4 Strengthen regular Board of Survey (BOS)	Finance and Asset Management	
	Divisions	
	Hospitals	
	FPBS	

Outcome 3.5: Harness digital technologies to facilitate better health care for our patients

Output 3.5.1: Improved access to and completeness of patient information (including specialist information)

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.5.1.1 Provide Patient Information Systems (PATIS) online access (Govnet) to targeted health facilities	Information Technology	1,615,163
3.5.1.2 Improve online functionality and use of HIS (PATIS+, CMRIS, RFIS,LIMS and other)		
3.5.1.3 Improve inpatient data capture at divisional	Information Technology	
hospitals	Hospitals	
3.5.1.4 Improve birth data capture at divisional hospitals		

Output 3.5.2: Training and support provided for using information systems

onsible Budget \$
ion, Data Analysis 76,300
ion, Data Analysis 10,900

Outcome 3.6: Continue to strengthen planning and governance throughout the MHMS

Output 3.6.1: Plans and policies reviewed and updated

Activities	Responsible	Budget
3.6.1.1 Review identified existing policies	Planning and Policy Development	
	All Heads	

Output 3.6.2: Governance and reporting structures aligned to remodeled health service

Activities	Responsible	Budget
3.6.2.1 Prepare cabinet papers in accordance with	Heads	
standards and requirements	Executive Support	

Outcome 3.7: Widen our collaboration with partners for a more efficient, quality, innovative and productive health system

Output 3.7.1: Strengthened partnerships with external stakeholders

Activities	Responsible	Budget \$
3.7.1.1 Effective utilization of donor funds	All Heads	
3.7.1.2 Engagement of CSOs for effective delivery of identified services	Finance and Asset Management Heads	1,900,000

6.2 Building Back Better and Stronger

The building back better is an initiative that focuses on building resilient health systems as we progress towards strengthening population health resilience. It focuses on strengthening health systems capacity to provide care and further reinforce public trust in the health system. The Ministry is also looking at opportunities for more constructive public engagement and further strengthening of our broader partnership objectives, as part of our whole of society approach.

There have been ongoing discussions to identify and work on key health systems components that have been key to our organizational adaptation based on our response to pandemic and natural disasters. It was important to capture the performance of the Ministry to enable us to demonstrate more tangible evidence of progress. This means that a number of important indicators needed to be developed on key areas to provide the clarity and a more comprehensive indication of progress.

The divisional command centers (DCC) and sub-divisional operational centers (SDOC) have become an integral component of our overall governance system. The Ministry has therefore set up minimum criteria and standards to ensure that these centers can function effectively. The evidence of DCC and SDOC functionality has been expanded to capture the monitoring and tracking of a number of critical activities through respective action plans and tracking plans that are further explained below.

1. Service strengthening

There have been ongoing efforts to more proactively manage our vulnerable population and some of the initiatives will include chronic disease monitoring though line lists and identifying and managing those groups that are environmentally

at risk. This will be further supported by clinical issues watch list and related tracking plans. This is also a proactive approach to further strengthen clinical services delivery at divisional and sub-divisional level.

The communicable disease surveillance will also continue and we will strengthen this further through medical facility and community based networks that will have clear reporting structures.

Quality Improvement and Customer Care initiative includes a service oriented and comprehensive approach to customer care. The facility based approach will include an audit system and related response plan to address key issues. The facility based, Outpatient Customer Escalated Engagement Plan, will further outline this approach, including triggers for engagement.

2. Health systems strengthening and support

Infrastructure and minor works needs and action plans are being developed to upgrade existing infrastructure. The transport fleet management is being strengthened based on service needs, especially for patient transfers and case retrievals. This also includes the care and upkeep of current vehicles and SOP's are also being developed to standardize vehicle utilization and vehicle care.

Human resources is a critical health system component as we progress with our building back better initiative, and needs to be adequately aligned to changing needs at operational level. The initial focus will be on strengthening current recruitment processes for more efficient filling of positions. There are also initiatives to strengthen some areas such as remuneration process of CHW's and ongoing capacity building in areas of need.

Focus Area	Activities	Responsible
1.1 Functional Divisional Command Centers and Sub divisional	1.1.1 Identify needs for establishing SDOC: • Meeting room	Sub divisions
Operation Centers	Communication technology Human Resource	
	1.1.2 Develop and endorse TOR for DCC and SDOC	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.3 Divisional command centre members to be representatives of both hospital and divisional staff	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.4 Regular meetings and reports submitted by DCC and SDOC for its operations	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.5 Develop standardised reporting template for SDOC to DCC	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.6 Implement all SOP and guidelines on key issues through DCC and SDOC	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.7 Establish dedicated teams to conduct interdivisional audits	Divisions Sub divisions
1.2 Vulnerable populations tracking system	1.2.1 Tracking plans and action plans developed for vulnerable population	Divisions Sub divisions

	1.2.2 Administration of booster dose to vulnerable priority groups in the communities	Divisions Sub divisions
2.1 Communicable disease surveillance	 2.1.1 Establish medical facility and community based networks with clear SOPs 2.1.2 Develop clear SOPs including specific details on reporting 	Divisions Sub divisions
3.1 Maintenance of health facilities	3.1.1 Develop prioritized action plan based on needs for minor works and submit to AMU	Divisions Sub divisions
	3.1.2 Efficient processing of PO for minor works	AMU
4.1 Human resource aligned to service needs	4.1.1 Efficient processing of vacant positions	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.2 Submission of monthly P2P report to HQ	Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.3 Processes established to address vacancies created by sudden resignations	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.4 System established to proactively address vacancies caused by retirement	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.5 Identify additional staff needs to enhance service delivery	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.6 Efficient processing of monthly allowance for Community Health Workers (CHW)	Finance Nursing Divisions
	4.1.7 Review SOP for CHW remuneration	
5.1 Quality improvement (QI)	5.1.1 Establish QI team at each facility	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.1.2 QI meetings conducted fortnightly	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.1.3 Quality Improvement implementation audit system and response plan developed at targeted facilities	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	 5.1.4 Determine and prioritize potential areas for improvement 5.1.5 Development of Outpatient Customer Escalated Engagement Plan at facility level 	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
5.2 Customer care	5.2.1 Efficient management of customer complaints through #157	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions

	5.2.2 Strengthen the role of the Command Centres to address customer complaints	Hospitals Divisions Subdivisions
	5.2.3 Establishment of Public relations on call team	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.2.4 Develop SOP to support Public relations functions	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.2.5 Gate closing signage for routine GOPD care in every facility	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
6.1 Fleet management system	6.1.1 Submission of Monthly vehicle returns to AMU	Divisions Sub divisions
	6.1.2 Updated fleet status report	Divisions Sub divisions
	6.1.3 Develop vehicle utilization SOPs for: Patient transfers and Case retrieval	Asset Management Unit
	6.1.4 Develop SOPs for vehicle care	Asset Management Unit
	6.1.5 Establish vehicle maintenance tracking system	Divisions Asset Management Unit
7.1 Clinical Issues	7.1.1 Develop criteria for clinical issues watch list	Divisions Sub divisions
	7.1.2 Develop tracking action plan for clinical issues watch list	Divisions Sub divisions
8.1 Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE)	8.1.1 Development of Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) generic framework developed	ESU
	8.1.2 RCCE generic framework aligned to key focus areas per Division (e.g.NCD, WASH and COVID vaccination)	Divisions Sub divisions
9.1 Infection Prevention and Control	9.1.1 Conduct IPC training for identified staff	Divisions Sub divisions
	9.1.2 Develop action plan for IPC activities for the sub division	Sub divisions
10.1 Safe and affordable Surgery, Obstetric	10.1.1 Develop minimum standards for sterilization in Health Centres and SDH	Sub divisions

6.3 Framework for Outpatient Surge Response and Customer Care

Customer services has been a priority for the Ministry and it has been embedded in our service delivery framework, combined with patient safety and quality of service delivery. Whilst the prerogative has been on improving overall customer experience at our facilities, this was not contextualized into a specific framework. This resulted in our customer services initiatives not being captured and adequately aligned to service delivery, including progress made in this area.

The Ministry is working on strengthening customer service functions at all health facilities including the monitoring of specific details of the **form** and **functions** of this important area at each facility. The outpatient services, which is the major point of care at all levels of health facilities, has also been identified as the point through which we will strengthen customer services. The existence of the framework components and systems for strengthening customer services at all levels will be monitored and improved upon as a facilitative mechanism for improving customer services. Customer services framework will be rolled out to all frontline staff. This framework will further assist in evolving customer services initiatives at all facilities.

A matrix has been compiled to capture the broader strategies and key activities to address outpatient surge issues as well its related implications on customer services. The functions to support customer services will be based around the principles of professionalism, effectively responding to customer services questions and complaints, facility based customer services approach and a strengthened team culture across the Ministry. The Ministry also recognizes the importance of its internal customers including its vast workforce and the critical role of our frontline staff. In recognition of this, staff satisfaction and adequate retention strategies are some of the key considerations.

The Ministry is also simultaneously strengthening supportive governance structures including a greater sense of accountability through effective monitoring at facility level through relevant key performance indicators. There have also been discussions to identify customer service champions to lead this process, and to effectively utilize the current governance structures in place such as the Clinical Governance Teams, Quality Improvement Committees etc.

The Ministry will take a two-pronged approach i.e. firstly the immediate priority is to set processes in place to effectively manage the current surge in outpatients at health facilities and secondly the focus is on setting up effective systems in place to prevent such surges at health facility level by expanding services delivered at community level.

The management of the surge in outpatient departments in health facilities, requires the Ministry to re-think our outpatient surge management capacity that is directly linked to patient experience, waiting time and overall customer satisfaction with our services. This requires a number of interventions including a surge contingency plan, accessibility to additional consultation spaces, expansion of capacity etc. The strategies to address surge prevention including using line listing, community based surveillance, conducting more community outreach and expanding overall service delivery etc.

Overall the Ministry is looking at strengthening supportive health system components such as review of supportive infrastructure and human resources capacity. There is also emphasis on establishing appropriate communication and conducting awareness on key areas. The current framework is a stepping stone towards broader customer service improvement initiatives and will be reviewed and updated as we progress.

Focus Area	Broader Strategies	Activities	Responsible
1.0 Patient Folder Management	1.1 Standardize patient records management	1.1.1 Review current patient records management system	RIDAM Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.2 Patient folder stored according to standardised system	Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.3 Training of records staff on patient folder management	Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.4 Patient records entered in PATISplus	Hospitals Sub divisions
2.0 Quality Improvement and	2.1 Outpatient Customer Escalated	2.1.1 Develop standardized SOP for ED triage	Hospitals Sub divisions
Customer care initiatives	Engagement Plan	2.1.2 Capacity building on triage	Hospitals Sub divisions
		2.1.3 Availability of functional triage equipment	Hospitals Sub divisions
	2.2 Implement queue management system	2.2.1 Express Lanes for elderly, disabled, & school children	Hospitals Sub divisions
3.0 Governance	3.1 Surge contingency plan	3.1.1 Develop surge contingency plan	Hospitals Sub divisions
4.0 Communication	4.1 Establish appropriate communications	 4.1.1 Conduct awareness on key identified areas: Health seeking behaviour Home care Risk factors to look for etc. 	Communicatior Hospitals Sub divisions
	4.2 Health Facility Operational hours	4.2.1 Clear signage on health facility opening and closing hours	Hospitals Sub divisions
5.0 Community based surveillance	5.1 Absenteeism report from schools hotels, workplaces	5.1.1 Develop SOP and system to obtain absenteeism report from other stakeholders	Divisions
	5.2 Community outreach	5.1.2 Conduct community outreach	Divisions Sub divisions
6.0 Human Resource Support	 6.1 HR capacity strengthened through identified positions: GP engagement 2nd year medical intern Public health block Public health nurses Etc. 	6.1.1 Develop policy to support HR capacity to manage surge	Human Resourc Hospitals Divisions
	6.2 Align allied health positions to meet service demands	6.2.1 Establish Laboratory Technician and Medical Imaging Technologist positions at upgraded health facilities	Human Resourd Hospitals Divisions

	6.3 Effectively prevent and address harassment and bullying at work	6.3.1 Process in place to address harassment and bullying at work	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
7.0 Consultation space	7.1 Accessibility to consultation space to support surge	7.1.1 Identify additional OPD consultation spaces that meet accessibility and privacy requirements	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
8.0 Diagnostic Support	8.1 Capacity expanded through outsourcing of	8.1.1 Radiology and laboratory testing services enhanced	Hospitals Sub divisions		
	radiology and laboratory services	8.1.2 Ensure point of care testing kits are available	Hospitals Sub divisions		
9.0 Waiting Bed	9.1 Strengthen bed management	9.1.1 Establish bed management system	Hospitals Sub divisions		
		9.1.2 Identify bed space for waiting case	Hospitals Sub divisions		
	9.2 Establish waiting beds within maritime health centres	maritime beds within maritime HCs where patients			
	9.3 Strengthen discharge protocols	9.3.1 Clear discharge protocols that all staff are aware of	Hospitals Sub divisions		
10.0 Line listing	10.1 Establish line listing of vulnerable population	10.1.1 Develop line list for vulnerable and those requiring follow up	Divisions		
11.0 Follow up	11.1 Strengthen virtual hospital and home based care	11.1.1 Provide support to patients on virtual hospital and home based care list	Hospitals Sub divisions		
12.0 Customer Service	12.1 Strengthen customer service	12.1.1 Identification of customer service champion at each facility	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
		12.1.2 Provide customer service training for targeted staff	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
13.0 Quality Improvement	13.1 Establish a team culture with a focus on continuous quality	13.1.1 Establish QI team at each facility	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
	improvement (QI)	13.1.2 QI meetings conducted fortnightly	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		
		13.1.3 Divisional and hospital level Quality Improvement Plan developed and implemented	Hospitals Divisions		
		13.1.4 Determine and prioritize potential areas for improvement	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions		

7.0 Annexes

7.1 AOP Table 2



Strategic Priority 1: Reform public health services to provide a population approach for diseases and the climate crisis

Budget: \$9,857,475

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
1.1.1Preventativeprogrammes	1.1.1.1 Establish healthy settings	i1. # ofhealthy settingsestablished	>5	Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	218,000	
1.1 Reduce communicable and non- communicable disease prevalence, especially for	targeting risk factors implemented	1.1.1.2 Conduct Health Promoting School audits in collaboration with Ministry of Education Heritage and Arts (MEHA)	i2. # of schools accredited through the HPS programme	>80	Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	
vulnerable groups		1.1.1.3 Conduct health promotion activities	i3. % of targeted health promoting activities conducted in schools	80%	Divisions Wellness Health Protection (EHU)	End of 4th Quarter	-
	 1.1.1.4 Conduct oral health promotion in schools 1.1.1.5 Provide dental care to primary schools 	i4. % of targeted age group made dentally fit	>50%	Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	163,500	
	1.1.1.6 Provide oral health						

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				-	
	counselling at ANC and MCH clinics					
	1.1.1.7 Conduct population screening with counseling on risk factors	i5. % of targeted population screened for NCD related risk factors	85%	Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	163,500
	1.1.1.8 Conduct community awareness on CD and NCD	 i6. # of awareness and screening campaigns conducted 	4 per division	Wellness Divisions Health Protection (EHU)	End of 4th Quarter	
	1.1.1.9 Tracking plans and action plans developed	i7. Chronicdisease line listupdated	100%	Divisions Hospitals	Monthly	
	for vulnerable population	i8. Environmentally at riskgroups line listupdated	100%	Divisions Hospitals	Monthly	
	1.1.1.10 Impleme ntation of food and nutrition security programme	i9. % of targeted activities conducted	80%	Wellness (NFNC)	End of 4th Quarter	54,500
	1.1.1.11 Conduct and enhance control and	i10. Incidence of Typhoid per 100,000	<30	Divisions Health Protection	End of 4th Quarter	396,760
	elimination activities for prioritized Communicable Diseases (CD) focusing on reduction to	i11. Incidence of Leptospirosis per 100,000	<175	_	End of 4th Quarter	
		i12. Incidence of Dengue per 100,000	<380		End of 4th Quarter	
	eliminate	i13. Prevalen ce of lymphatic filariasis	<1%		End of 4th Quarter	
		i14. Incidence of measles per 100,000	<1	Divisions Health Protection Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	

1.1.2 Strengt	1.1.2.1 Submissi	i15. % of	80%	Divisions	End of 4th	3,270,000
hen the integrated	on of monthly CHW reports	active CHWs	00/0	Nursing	Quarter	3,270,000
approach to preventive initiatives in communities through	1.1.2.2 Roll out community engagement training with CHW	i16. % of scheduled trainings conducted	100%	Divisions Nursing	End of 4th Quarter	-
multidisciplina ry teams	1.1.2.3 Provision of integrated outreach services to the communities	i17. % coverage of scheduled outreach visits to the communities	>80%	Hospitals Divisions	End of 4th Quarter	379,865
	1.1.2.4 Integrate d outreach services available to the communities through partnership with NGOs, and Faith based organizations					
1.1.3 Strengt hen surveillance, case detection and diagnosis for CDs and NCDs	1.1.3.1 Monitor seasonal LTD outbreaks and conduct community surveillance accordingly 1.1.3.2 Conduct community	i18. % of total LTD cases investigated and preventative measures implemented	>80%	Divisions	End of 4th Quarter	87,200
	profiling 1.1.3.3 Develop ment of LTD outbreak preparedness plan	i19. LTD preparedness plan developed	1	Divisions Health Protection	End of 4th Quarter	-
	1.1.3.4 Active Communicable disease committee					

	1	1			1	
	 1.1.3.5 Public awareness campaign on LTDs through radio, TV ads and talkback shows 1.1.3.6 Contextu alized communication based on targeted population 	i20. # of public awareness campaigns conducted	>5	Communicat ions Officer Divisions	End of 4 th quarter	
	1.1.3.7 Preventi on and control of LTDs 1.1.3.8 Training of clinicians on	i21. Case fatality rate for Dengue	<0.5%	Divisions Hospitals Health Protection	End of 4th Quarter	
	early diagnosis, treatment and referral for LTDs	i22. Case fatality rate for Leptospirosis i23. Case fatality rate for Typhoid	<4%	_		
	1.1.3.9 Impleme nt Tuberculosis control activities to achieve	i24. Tubercul osis treatment success rate	>80%	Tamavua/ Twomey Hospital	End of 4th Quarter	163,500
	strategic targets	i25. Incidence of tuberculosis per 100,000 population	54	Tamavua/ Twomey Hospital	End of 4th Quarter	
	1.1.3.10 Report new HIV cases	i26. # of new Paediatric HIV cases reported i27. # of new	<10	Family Health CSN – Obstetrics and Gynecology Paediatric Family	End of 4th Quarter	98,100
	1.1.3.11 Early	adult HIV cases reported i28. % of HIV	>80%	Health Divisions Family	End of 4th	
	diagnosis and treatment for all HIV patients	patients on Antiretroviral (ARV) treatment i29. % of HIV	>50%	Health Divisions	Quarter	
		patients who are				42

			virally				
			suppressed				
		1.1.3.12 Early	i30. # of	<50	Family	Quarterly	
		diagnosis and	congenital		Health		
		treatment of STIs	syphilis cases		Divisions		
			reported		Hospitals		
			i31. # of	<100	позрітаіз		
			syphilis cases	100			
			reported				
			i32. # of	<100			
			gonorrhea cases				
			reported				
		1.1.3.13 Early	i33. % of	>80%	Family	End of 4th	
		Diagnosis and	chronic hepatitis		Health	Quarter	
		treatment of	B patients on		Divisions		
		Hepatitis B	treatment		Hospitals		
		1.1.3.14 Maintain	i34. %	>90%	Divisions	Weekly	
		and expand Early	completeness of		Health		
		Warning, Alert	EWARS		Protection		
		and Response	surveillance				
		System (EWARS)	report				
		at divisional and	i35. %	>80%	-		
		national level	timeliness of	20070			
		nationalievei	EWARS				
			surveillance				
			report				
		1.1.3.15 Preventi	i36. Discarde	≥2 per	Divisions	End of 4th	
		on and control of	d non-measles	100,000	Health	Quarter	
		vaccine	rate	population	Protection		
		preventable					
		disease					
		1.1.3.16	i 37. %	100%	IMT	Quarterly	500,000
		Implementation	implementation		Health		
		of COVID 19	of COVID 19		Protection		
		activities	related planned		Divisions		
			activities				
Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget
							(\$)
			:20 0/ f	250/		End of All	
	1.2.1 Improve	1.2.1.1 Booking	i38. % of	35%	Divisions	End of 4th	
×	d maternal	access available	pregnant women		Hospitals	Quarter	
	and neonatal	at nursing	who receive				
	health	stations and	antenatal care in				
	ماطنين مممنا سمم	health centres	their first	1	1	1	
	services, with						
	an increased	levels	trimester				

1.2	focus an	1 2 1 2	:20 0/ af	000/ 5 5		End of Att	
1.2 Improve the physical and mental well-being of all citizens, with particular focus on women, children and young people through prevention measures	focus on health risk assessments	 1.2.1.2 Strength en Postnatal Clinic Services 1.2.1.3 Postnatal checklist to be administered at all levels of care (down to nursing station) 	i39. % of women attending postnatal clinic after 1 week of delivery i40. % of women attending postnatal clinic after 6 weeks of	80% for 1 week 60% for 6 weeks	Hospitals Divisions CSN - Obstetrics and Gynaecology Divisions	End of 4th Quarter End of 4th Quarter	
		1.2.1.4 Detect, diagnose and refer high-risk cases early	delivery i41. % of high risk maternal cases referred	>90%	Hospitals Divisions CSN - Obstetrics and Gynaecology	End of 4th Quarter	
		 1.2.1.5 Mental Health Gap Action Plan (mhGAP) capacity building and supervisory visits 1.2.1.6 Audit of health facilities for Mental Health Gap Action Plan adherence 	i42. % of health facilities adhering to Mental Health Gap Action Plan Intervention	>20%	Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	109,000
	1.2.2 Strength ened immunisation services and NCDs	1.2.2.1 Conduct childhood vaccination programme	i43. Childhoo d vaccination coverage rate for all antigens	>95%	Hospitals Divisions Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	
	screening at maternal and child health clinics	1.2.2.2 Review and update the EPI policy and Cold Chain guidelines	i44. Policy and guidelines reviewed	Updated policy and guidelines	Family Health	End of 2nd Quarter	
		1.2.2.3 Develop ment of MCH policy for Fiji	i45. Policy developed and endorsed for implementation	Policy in place	Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	

		1	1	1		
	1.2.2.4 NCD kits available in MCH clinics for screening of mothers	i46. NCD kit in place	1 per MCH clinic	Divisions Wellness	End of 1st Quarter	
	1.2.2.5 Screenin g of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health clinics	i47. % of mothers attending maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs	>50%	Divisions Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	
1.2.3 Improve d breastfeeding and nutrition for children	1.2.3.1 Facilitate Internal and External Assessment and Reaccreditation processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)	i48. % of divisional and sub-divisional hospitals reaccredited as meeting Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standards	Divisional – 1/3 Sub divisional – 5/16	Hospitals Divisions Wellness Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	21,800
	1.2.3.2 Strength en infant and young child feeding (IYCF)	i49. % of children being exclusively breastfed at 6 months	60%	Hospitals Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	21,800
1.2.4 Strength en Early Childhood Development (ECD)	1.2.4.1 Develop ment of an ECD multisectoral policy	i50. Multisect oral ECD policy developed	1	Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	
1.2.5 Improve d prevention, detection and diagnosis of childhood illnesses	1.2.5.1 Manage ment of Rheumatic Heart Disease(RHD) cases at all health care levels 1.2.5.2 Provision of holistic care for RHD cases according to guideline at sub	i51. % of acute rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease patients receiving ≥ 80% of secondary antibiotic prophylaxis	40%	Divisions Wellness Hospitals Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	54,500
	d breastfeeding and nutrition for children 1.2.4 Strength en Early Childhood Development (ECD) 1.2.5 Improve d prevention, detection and diagnosis of childhood	available in MCH clinics for screening of mothers1.2.3Incense1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.3Improve (hild health clinics)1.2.4Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.4Strength (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (BFHI)1.2.5Improve (ment of an ECD multisectoral policy1.2.5Improve (ment of an ECD multisectoral policy1.2.5Improve (Apprevention, (Aetection and diagnosis of childhood (hildhood cases at all health care levels1.2.5.2Provision of holistic care for RHD cases according to	available in MCH clinics for screening of mothersin place1.2.2.5 Screenin g of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health clinics creened for NCDsi47. % of mothers attending maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs1.2.3 Improve d1.2.3.1 Facilitate Internal and Preastfeeding and nutrition for childreni.2.3.1 Facilitate sub-divisional and sub-divisional hospitals reaccreditation processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)i48. % of divisional and sub-divisional hospitals reactredited sa processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)i49. % of children being exclusively breastfed at 6 months1.2.4 Strength en Early Childhood Development (ECD)1.2.5.1 Manage policyi50. Multisect oral ECD policy developed1.2.5 Improve d prevention, detection and diagnosis of childhood1.2.5.1 Manage policyi51. % of acute rheumatic fever and risease(RHD) cases at all health clisease (RHD) cases at all health care levels according toi51. % of acute rheumatic fever and risease patients receiving ≥ 80% of secondary antibiotic prophylaxis	available in MCH clinics for screening of mothersin placeclinic1.2.2.5 Screenin g of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health clinics screened for NCDsi47. % of mothers attending maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs>50%1.2.3 Improve d1.2.3.1 Facilitate texternal Assessment and for childreni48. % of divisional and sub-divisional hospitalsDivisional - divisional and sub-divisional hospitals1.2.3 Improve d1.2.3.1 Facilitate texternal Assessment and processes on processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)i48. % of children being 	available in MCH clinics for screening of mothersin placeclinicWellness1.2.2.5 Screening of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs147. % of mothers attending maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs>50%Divisions Family Health1.2.3 Improve d d thread and nutrition for children for children1.2.3.1 Facilitate Internal and External Assessment and Assessment and processes on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standardsDivisional - tow Sub-divisional hospitals reaccredited as meeting Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standardsDivisional - tow Sub-divisional for children being exclusively breastfed at 6 monthsHospitals Divisions Wellness1.2.4 Strength e nifant and young child feeding (IYCF)12.9.1 Manage ment of an ECD ment of an ECD policy150. Multisect ral ECD policy developed1Family Health1.2.5.1 Manage diproved childhood policy12.5.1 Manage ment of Rheumatic Heart Disease(RHD) cases at all health care levels151. % of acute rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease patients of secondary antibiotic prophylaxis40% all weight we	available in MCH clinics for screening of mothersin placeclinicclinicWellnessQuarter1.2.2.5 Screening of mothers for NCDs at maternal child health clinics accreened for NCDs147. % of mothers attending maternal child health clinics screened for NCDs>50%Divisions Family HealthEnd of 4th Quarter1.2.3 Improve d breastfeeding and nutrition for children12.3.1 Facilitate Internal and External Assessment and Reaccreditation processes on Priendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)148. % of divisional and brobitals reaccredited as meeting Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standardsDivisional Sub divisional Sub divisional- Sub divisional- Sub divisional- friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI)Divisions Sub divisional- sub-divisional sub-divisional- friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standardsHospitals processes on processes on price divisional friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI) standardsBoby Friendly Hospital processes on processes

	1.2.5.3 Provide nutritional program/support in Maternal and Child Health Clinics	i52. # of Severe Acute Malnutrition admissions	<95	Hospitals Divisions Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	54,500
	1.2.5.4 Impleme ntation of dietetics and nutrition programme	i53. % of targeted activities conducted	80%	Wellness (NFNC) Hospitals	End of 4th Quarter	
	1.2.5.5 Maintain functional IMCI activities at all health facilities	i54. % of health facilities adhering to IMCI guideline	50%	Divisions Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	163,500
1.2.6 Strength ened adolescent health services	1.2.6.1 Develop Adolescent Health Services (AHS) Care package	i 55. AHS care package developed	100%	Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	54,500
	 1.2.6.2 Review AHS training manual 1.2.6.3 Conduct relevant AHS 					
1.2.7 Strength ened breast and cervical cancer prevention, screening and diagnosis	trainings 1.2.7.1 Conduct cervical cancer screening at health facilities and in communities	i56. Cervical cancer screening coverage	>10%	Divisions Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	32,700
Ulagnosis	1.2.7.2 Review and finalize cervical cancer screening policy	i57. Review of cervical cancer screening policy completed	Policy updated	Family Health CSN - Obstetrics and Gynaecology	End of 4th Quarter	

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget
3 Safeguard gainst nvironmental preats and	1.3.1 Improve ment in the effectiveness of environmental health service delivery	1.3.1.1 Develop ment and implementation of Drinking Water Safety plan (DWSP) in communities	i58. % of rural sanitary district communities with improved Drinking Water Safety Plans	>50%	Divisions Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	
hreats and bublic health emergencies	 1.3.1.2 Develop ment and Implementation of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) facilities in the communities within the 4 health divisions 1.3.1.3 Impleme ntation of WASH cluster activities 	i59. # of rural sanitary district communities, schools and health care facilities with holistic WASH Intervention	400	Divisions Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	234,350	
		1.3.1.4 Auditing of drinking water standards in villages/settleme nts	i60. # of water samples taken for water quality testing	10 per Division	Divisions Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	-
		1.3.1.5 Conduct surveillance, prevention and control of vector born disease through Integrated Vector Management (IVM) program	i61. % of targeted high- risk areas that have undergone source reduction program through IVM program	80%	Divisions Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	
		1.3.1.6 Improve food safety control and hygiene through, Good Hygiene Practices (GHP) and food	i62. % of food establishment meeting GHP requirements i63. % of high risk foods issued with health certificate for exports and	85%	Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	163,500

		establishment	health permit for				
		grading	imported foods				
		1.3.1.7 Tobacco free settings established in communities	i64. # of communities declared Tobacco free setting (TFS)	12	Divisions Health Protection [EHU]	End of 4th Quarter	109,000
	1.3.2 Strength en preparedness and resilience to public	1.3.2.1 IHR self- assessment annual reporting compliance	i65. IHR core capacity compliance	>80%	Divisions Health Protection	End of 4th Quarter	
	emergencies	1.3.2.2 Administ ration of COVID 19 vaccination	i66. Vaccinati on of eligible individuals aged 18 years and above – booster doses	>80%	Family Health Divisions Hospitals	End of 4th Quarter	2,798,400
		1.3.2.3 Administ ration of booster dose to vulnerable priority groups in the communities	i67. % of vulnerable population administered booster dose	>80%	Divisions Hospitals	Quarterly	
Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
1.4 Strengthe n population- wide resilience to the climate crisis	1.4.1 Strength en role of Fiji Emergency Medical Assistance Team(FEMAT) including disaster preparedness, management and resilience	1.4.1.1 Deploy FEMAT to support essential service delivery in areas of need	i68. # of FEMAT deployment to areas of need	>1	FEMAT	End of 4th Quarter	545,000
	1.4.2 Improve ment in disaster preparedness and response	1.4.1.2 Conduct assessment of healthcare facilities for Climate Resilience and	i69. % of HCFs assessed under the CRESHCF Guidelines	20%	Health Protection (EHU) HECC	End of 4th Quarter	

to clim	ate Sustainability			
change	e effects (CRESHCF)			
	1.4.1.3 Prepare	-		
	concept			
	proposals for			
	prioritized			
	vulnerable HCFs			



Strategic Priority 2: Increase access to quality, safe and patient-focused clinical services

Budget: \$14,315,348

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
2.1 Improve patient health outcomes, with a particular focus on services for women, children, young people and vulnerable groups	2.1.1 Increased access to maternal and child health services based on population needs	 2.1.1.1 Implemen tation of Mother Newborn Safe Hospital Initiative (MNSHI) standards in divisional and sub divisional health facilities 2.1.1.2 Conduct biannual internal audits of sub divisional hospitals for MNSHI compliance 	i70. Average % adherence to Mother Newborn Safe Hospital Initiative (MNSHI) standards in divisional and sub divisional hospitals	>60%	Hospitals Divisions CSN - Obstetrics and Gynaecology Family Health	End of 4th Quarter	109,000
•	2.2.1 Increase access to effective treatment and	2.2.1.1 Decentrali zation of curative services from the Divisional hospitals	i71. % of targeted specialized services decentralized	100%	Hospitals	End of 4th Quarter	201,650

					1	1	
2.2 Strengthen and decentralise	specialist services	2.2.1.2 Utilization of telehealth services	i72. # of services offered through telehealth	>1	Hospitals Divisions	End of 4th Quarter	
effective clinical services, including rehabilitation, to meet the		2.2.1.3 Conduct clinical outreach utilising FEMAT	i73. # of major outreach per division per year including the use of MV Veivueti	>1	Hospitals Divisions	End of 4th Quarter	-
needs of the population		2.2.1.4 Rehabilita tion programme including outreach for rehabilitation	i74. % coverage of scheduled rehabilitation outreach visits	80%	Tamavua/ Twomey Hospital	End of 4th Quarter	372,528
	2.2.2 Strength en clinical management of priority NCDs	2.2.2.1 Conduct Package of Essential Noncommunicable disease (PEN) interventions	i75. Average % adherence to minimum standards for implementation of PEN at SOPDs	HC-60% SDH- >70%	Wellness	End of 4th Quarter	
		2.2.2.2 Delivery of inpatient care services for NCD related admissions	i76. Unplann ed readmission within 28 days of discharge	<10%	Hospitals	End of 4th Quarter	10,953,57 0
	2.2.3 Efficient and effective referral system	2.2.3.1 Efficient management of overseas medical referral applications	i77. Average time for processing overseas medical referrals	<4 weeks	Overseas Medical Referral	End of 4th Quarter	1,635,000
2.3 Continu ously improve	2.3.1 Provision of standardised clinical services	2.3.1.1 Strengthe n clinical governance, Patient Safety and quality practices in all health facilities	i78. Policies, guidelines, SOPs reviewed and developed	2	Hospitals Patient Safety and Quality Nursing	End of 4th Quarter	
patient safety, and the quality and value of services	2.3.2 Improve	2.3.1.2 Developm ent of National IPC action plan2.3.2.1 Strengthe	i79. Intensiv	≥80%	Hospitals	End of 4th	
	d patient safety and reduced	n Infection Prevention and Control practice in	e care unit hand hygiene rate		Patient Safety and Quality	Quarter	

	ariation of are	all health service facilities	(Paediatrics and Adults)			
	_	2.3.2.2 Establish national hospital acquired infection surveillance and response(control)	i80. Surgical site infection for elective caesarean section at all divisional hospitals	<5%	Hospitals Patient Safety and Quality	End of 4th Quarter
	-	2.3.2.3 Conduct Infection Prevention and Control internal audits	i81. % adherence to IPC standards	>80%	Hospitals Divisions	Monthly
		2.3.2.4 Strengthe n National Patient Safety Response in all health facilities	i82. % of Unusual Occurrence Reports (UOR) resolved within timeframe	>80%	Hospitals Divisions Patient Safety and Quality Nursing	End of 4th Quarter
	-	2.3.2.5 Monitorin g and implementation of Root Cause Analysis (RCA) recommendations	i83. % of RCA recommendatio ns implemented	>80%	Hospitals Divisions Patient Safety and Quality	End of 4th Quarter
d v. sı ir e	2.3.3 Improve I quality and ralue of ervices by mproving officiency and	2.3.2.1 Improve customer services and clinical service delivery at all health facilities	i84. Average patient experience survey rating, disaggregated by facility	80%	Hospitals Divisions Patient Safety and Quality Nursing	End of 4th Quarter
	educing vastage	2.3.2.2 Efficient management of customer complaints through #157	i85. % of customer complaints resolved within predetermined resolution timeframes for complaints received through # 157 (opened/closed tickets)	≥80%	Divisions Hospitals Patient Safety and Quality	End of 4th Quarter
		2.3.2.3 Strengthe n the role of the Command Centres	i86. % of customer complaints	100%	Divisions Hospitals	Monthly

to address	closed that		Patient Safety		
customer	were addressed		and Quality		
complaints	satisfactorily				
2.3.2.4 Initiate	i87. # of	2 per	Divisions	End of 4th	10,900
improvement of	quality	facility	Hospitals	Quarter	
quality and safety	improvement		FPBS		
standards at	initiatives		HQ		
health facilities	implemented		Programmes		
2.3.2.5 Create	i88. % of	100%	Patient Safety	End of 4th	
awareness on 5S-	scheduled		and Quality	Quarter	
KAIZEN	training				
	conducted				
2.3.2.6 Establish	i 89. Bed	100%	Hospitals	End of 1st	
ment of bed block	block			Quarter	
management	management				
system in the	system				
divisional hospital	established				

Strategic Priority 3: Drive efficient and effective management of the health system

Budget: \$362,244,444

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget
							(\$)
3.1 Cultivate a competent and capable workforce where the contribution of every staff member is	3.1.1 Implement plans and policies to manage the workforce and working environment	3.1.1.1 Align existing human resources policies and plans in accordance with Civil Service Guidelines and applicable employment legislations to support	i90. % of human resources policies and plans realigned and maintained	100%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS Fiji CDC HQ	End of 4th Quarter	

recognised		delivery of					
and valued		services 3.1.1.2 Review HR Business processes and implement recommendatio ns	i91. % of recommendatio ns implemented	100%	Human Resources	End of 4th Quarter	
		3.1.1.3 Proces s in place to address harassment and bullying at work	i92. SOP available at all Health facilities	100%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS Fiji CDC HQ	End of 2nd Quarter	
	3.1.2 Attract, select, recruit, retain and empower the right people to create a diverse, inclusive and engaged workforce	3.1.2.1 Timely recruitment and selection of staff to ensure all health facilities are adequately resourced	i93. Recruit ment and selection process completed in accordance with OMRS policy, guidelines and Job Evaluation & Remuneration Guideline	>85%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ Nursing	End of 4th Quarter	235,288,55
		3.1.2.2 Efficie nt processing of vacant positions	i94. Vacant positions filled through EOI or advertisement	>80%		Monthly	
		3.1.2.3 Proces ses established to address vacancies created by sudden resignations	i95. Ratio of vacancies to establishment for nursing cadres	<10%		Quarterly	
		3.1.2.4 Submis sion of monthly P2P report to HQ	i96. Timely submission of monthly P2P reports	1 per month	Divisions Hospitals FPBS	Monthly	

1	1	1	1	1	-1	
	3.1.2.5 Review and align allied health establishment (Medical Imaging Technologist, Laboratory, Pharmacy, Health Inspectors)	i97. Allied health worker establishment updated	100%	Human Resources	End of 4th Quarter	
	3.1.2.6 Performance assessment conducted in compliance with Transition Performance Management Guidelines	i98. Transiti on APA assessment completed and submitted by the respective due dates	>80%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ	End of 4th Quarter	
	3.1.2.7 Transf er of staff effected to address staff shortage and to ensure efficient and effective health service delivery	i99. Staff transfer are processed in accordance with staff transfer guidelines	100%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ Nursing	End of 4th Quarter	
	3.1.2.8 Analysi s of exit questionnaire and report submitted	i100. Report on analysis of exit questionnaire submitted on a quarterly basis	1 report/ qtr	Human Resource	Quarterly	
3.1.3 Provide opportunities for professional development to achieve a more engaged, skilled and satisfied workforce	3.1.3.1 Payme nt of NTPC Levy and Grant Claims are processed in accordance with <i>NTPC</i> <i>Grants Scheme</i> 5 within the	i101. Timely payment of NTPC Levy and submission of Grant Claims to NTPC	80%	Human Resources Divisions Hospitals FPBS HQ	End of 4th Quarter	1,560,593

 			1		
required					
timeframe					
	:100 0/ af			Quentarila	-
3.1.3.2 Facilita	i102. % of	>80%	Human	Quarterly	
te learning and	NTPC levy		Resources	reports	
development	paying officers		Divisions		
opportunities	attend the		Hospitals		
for all staff	required		FPBS		
	courses as per		НQ		
	the NTPC Act				
	and as per				
	MHMS				
	approved				
	training plan				
	i103. % of	>80%	Human	Quarterly	1
	staff attend the		Resources	reports	
	required		Divisions		
	training				
	programs and		Hospitals		
	courses as per		FPBS		
	training needs		HQ		
	analysis of		Nursing		
	Transition				
	MYAPA results				
	and/or TNAS				
	forms.				
3.1.3.3	i104. % of	100%	Numeiner		
Coordinate and	Registered	100%	Nursing	End of 4th	
facilitate	Nurses/Midwiv			Quarter	
	es and Nurse				
Continuing					
Professional	Practitioners to				
Development[attend the				
CPD] of	required				
Registered	trainings				
Nurses/Midwiv	organized by				
es and Nurse	the Fiji College				
Practitioners	of Nursing				
	(FCN)				
3.1.3.4 Monit	i105. % of	100%	Divisions	End of 4th	32,700
or compliance	facilities in		Hospitals	Quarter	
to	compliance		Human		
Occupational	with		Resources		
Health &	Occupational		Finance and		
Safety	Health & Safety		Asset		
earery			113300	1	1
	requirements				
	requirements for certification		Management		

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
	3.2.1 Improved availability and accessibility to medical products	3.2.1.1 Mainta in an effective supply chain management system	i106. Averag e % availability of tracer products in targeted facilities	>80%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	54,486,399
3.2 Improve the efficiency of supply chain management and procurement		3.2.1.2 Rollout of supply chain management system	i107. Imple mentation of supply chain management system at targeted facilities	100%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	
systems, and maintenance of equipment		3.2.1.3 Refor m of the Free Medicines Program	i108. Imple mentation of the Review recommendatio ns	100%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	
	3.2.2 Quality assurance processes for all medical supplies	3.2.2.1 Review of the National AMR Action Plan	i 109. Review completed	100%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	85,020
	established	3.2.2.2 Review and develop Pharmaceutical Sector Strategic Plan	i110. Pharm aceutical Sector Strategic Plan developed	100%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	
	3.2.3 Improved functionality of biomedical & dental equipment in health facilities	3.2.3.1 Suppor t the maintenance of existing biomedical and dental equipment 3.2.3.2 Biome dical equipment aligned to service needs and new infrastructure development	i111. % of facilities having proper functional biomedical and dental equipment	70%	Pharmaceutic al and Biomedical Services	End of 4th Quarter	8,855,421

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
\$ 3.3 Impleme nt more	3.3.1 Improved budget execution and financial performance	3.3.3.1 Collate budget execution data and rectify areas of high expenditure at facility level	i112. % execution of annual budget	>80%	Finance and Asset Management	End of 4th Quarter	42,027,029
efficient financial processes whilst		3.3.3.2 Regula r budget monitoring	i113. Monthl y reports on expenditure from Finance	Monthly report submitted	Finance and Asset Management	Monthly	
reducing the financial hardship of		3.3.3.3 Condu ct mid-term budget review	i114. Review conducted	1	Finance and Asset Management	Biannually	
the most vulnerable		3.3.3.4 Efficie nt processing of monthly allowance for CHWs	i115. Timely remuneration of Community Health Workers	>90%	Finance Nursing Divisions	Monthly	
Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
3.4 Ensure infrastructure is maintained to match service needs	3.4.1 Infrastru cture and assets upgraded based on needs	3.4.1.1 Upgra de current infrastructure to meet service delivery needs including repairs due to climate change 3.4.1.2 Health care facilities retrofitted to achieve climate resilience	i116. % of health facilities upgraded as per requirement	>50%	Finance and Asset Management	End of 4th Quarter	15,216,362
		3.4.1.3 Condu ct comprehensive infrastructure audit and develop contingency plan to address issues	i117. Infrastr ucture audit conducted	1	Finance and Asset Management	End of 4th Quarter	

		3.4.1.4 Utilizat ion of minor works budget 3.4.1.5 Develo p prioritized action plan based on needs for minor works and submit to AMU 3.4.1.6 Submis sion of Monthly vehicle returns to AMU 3.4.1.7 Streng then regular Board of Survey (BOS)	 i118. % of minor works budget utilized i119. Timely submission of vehicle returns i120. # of BOS conducted and boarded items removed 	100% 100% 1/year per cost centre	Asset Management Unit Hospitals Divisions Hospitals Divisions FPBS Finance and Asset Management Divisions	End of 4th Quarter Monthly End of 4th Quarter	1,090,000
Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Hospitals FPBS Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
							(\$)
3.5 Harness digital technologies to facilitate better health care for our patients	3.5.1 Improved access to and completeness of patient information (including specialist information)	3.5.1.1 Provid e Patient Information Systems (PATIS) online access (Govnet) to targeted health facilities 3.5.1.2 Improv e online functionality and use of HIS (PATIS+, CMRIS, RFIS,LIMS and other)	i121. % of targeted govnet sites (health centres) using Health Information Systems	>90%	Information Technology	End of 4th Quarter	1,615,163
		3.5.1.3 Improve inpatient datacapture atdivisionalhospitals3.5.1.4 Improv	i122. Averag e % of total discharges recorded in PATISplus system i123. Averag	90%	Information Technology Hospitals Information	End of 4th Quarter End of 4th	
		e birth data capture at	e % of births recorded in	~ / 3 / 0	Technology Hospitals	Quarter	

		divisional	PATISplus				
		hospitals	system				
	3.5.2 Training	3.5.2.1 Capaci	i124. Trainin	1 National	Research,	End of 4th	76,300
	and support	ty building on	gs conducted	level	Innovation,	Quarter	-,
	provided for using	data collection	55 conducted	training	Data Analysis	Quarter	
	information			training	and		
		and analysis at					
	systems	all levels	-		Management		
		3.5.2.2 Condu					
		ct supervisory					
		visits and data					
		verification					
		audit					
		3.5.2.3 Trainin	i125. # of	1 National	Research,	End of 4th	
		g for	training		Innovation,	Quarter	
		-	-	training		Quarter	
		International	conducted		Data Analysis		
		Classification of			and		
		Diseases(ICD)			Management		
		coding					
		3.5.2.4 Regula					
		r training for					
		Medical Cause					
		of Death					
		Certificate					
	3.5.3 Strengthen	3.5.3.1 Increa	i126. Resear	1 National	Research,	End of 4th	10,900
	research and	se awareness	ch training	training	Innovation,	Quarter	-,
	innovation to	and training on	conducted	truning	Data Analysis	Quarter	
		-	conducted				
	support health	operational			and		
	systems	research			Management		
	strengthening						
Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget
							8
	3.6.1 Plans and	3.6.1.1 Review	i127. # of	5	Planning and	End of 4th	
X	policies reviewed	identified	identified		Policy	Quarter	
X T S X	and updated	existing policies	policies		Development		
			developed/		All Heads		
			reviewed				
3.6 Continue							
to strengthen	3.6.2 Governance	3.6.2.1 Prepar	i128. # of	>10	Hoods	End of 4th	
planning and		-		~10	Heads		
governance	and reporting	e cabinet	cabinet papers		Executive	Quarter	
throughout	structures aligned	papers in	submitted to		Support		
the MHMS	to remodeled	accordance	cabinet in				
	health service	with standards	accordance				
		and	with standards				
	- I	1	1	1	1	1	
		requirements					

Outcome	Output	Activities	КРІ	Target	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget (\$)
	3.7.1 Strengthene d partnerships with external stakeholders	3.7.1.1 Effecti ve utilization of donor funds	i129. % of allocated funds utilised	>90%	All Heads	End of 4th Quarter	
3.7 Widen our collaboration with partners for a more efficient, quality, innovative and productive health system		3.7.1.2 Engage ment of CSOs for effective delivery of identified services	i 130. % utilisation of CSO grants	100%	Finance and Asset Management Heads	End of 4th Quarter	1,900,000

7.2 Building Back Better

Focus Area	Activities	Indicator	Target/ Deliverables	Timelines	Responsible
1.1 Functional Divisional Command Centers and Sub	1.1.1 Identify needs for establishing SDOC: • Meeting room	i1. Infrastructure and asset needs for establishing SDOC met	100% (Dedicated meeting room)	August	Sub divisions
divisional Operation Centers	 Communication technology Human Resource 	i2. Availability of communication technology	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
		i3. Human resource engagement plan developed	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.2 Develop and endorse TOR for DCC and SDOC	i4. # of DCC and SDOC with endorsed TOR	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.3 Divisional command centre members to be representatives of both hospital and divisional staff	-			
	1.1.4 Regular meetings and reports submitted by DCC and SDOC for its operations	i5. # of weekly meeting conducted	52 (Meeting minutes available)	Weekly	Divisions Sub divisions

	1.1.5 Develop standardised reporting template for SDOC to DCC	i6. # of DCC with standardised reporting template	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.6 Implement all SOP and guidelines on key issues through DCC and SDOC	i7. SOPs and guidelines implemented	100%	Quarterly	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.1.7 Establish dedicated teams to conduct interdivisional audits	i8. # of audits/visits conducted	1 per month	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
1.2 Vulnerable populations tracking system	1.2.1 Tracking plans and action plans developed for vulnerable population	i9. Chronic disease line list available at SD level	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
		i10. Environmentally at risk groups line list available at SD level	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.2.2 Administration of booster dose to vulnerable priority groups in the communities	i11. % of vulnerable population administered booster dose	>80%	Quarterly	Divisions Sub divisions
2.1 Communicable disease surveillance	 2.1.1 Establish medical facility and community based networks with clear SOPs 2.1.2 Develop clear SOPs including specific details on reporting 	i12. Network established at SD level	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
3.1 Maintenance of health facilities	3.1.1 Develop prioritized action plan based on needs for minor works and submit to AMU	i13. % completion of minor works plan	>80% completed	Annually	Divisions Sub divisions
	3.1.2 Efficient processing of PO for minor works	i14. % of submission aligned to SOP	>80%	Quarterly	Asset Management Unit
		i15. % of minor works submissions processed within 2 days	>90%	Quarterly	Asset Management Unit
4.1 Human resource aligned to service needs	4.1.1 Efficient processing of vacant positions	i16. Vacant positions filled through EOI or advertisement	>80%	Monthly	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
		i17. Ratio of vacancies to establishment for nursing cadres	<10%	Quarterly	Human Resource
	4.1.2 Submission of monthly P2P report to HQ	i18. Timely submission of monthly P2P reports	100%	Monthly	Divisions Hospitals Sub divisions

	4.1.3 Processes established to address vacancies created by sudden resignations	i19. Merit pool developed and updated regularly	1	Monthly	Human Resource
	sudden resignations	i20. Tracking system established to identify and promptly fill vacancies	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
	4.1.4 System established to proactively address vacancies caused by retirement	i21. Vacancies due to retirement filled within 1 month	100%	Quarterly	Human Resource
	4.1.5 Identify additional staff needs to enhance service delivery	i22. List of staff needs identified for surge capacity	List available by cadre	August	Human Resource Divisions Sub divisions
	 4.1.6 Efficient processing of monthly allowance for Community Health Workers (CHW) 4.1.7 Review SOP for CHW remuneration 	i23. % of Community Health Workers remunerated within timelines	>90%	Monthly	Finance Nursing Divisions
5.1 Quality improvement (QI)	5.1.1 Establish QI team at each facility	i24. % of health facilities with active QI team	100%	Quarter 1	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.1.2 QI meetings conducted fortnightly	i25. % of QI meetings conducted	100%	Fortnightly	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	5.1.3 Quality Improvement implementation audit system and response plan developed at targeted facilities	i26. % of targeted health facilities with QI audit system and response plan	100%	Quarter 1	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	 5.1.4 Determine and prioritize potential areas for improvement 5.1.5 Development of Outpatient Customer Escalated Engagement Plan at facility level 	i27. # of quality improvement activities conducted	>5	End of Quarter 4	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
5.2 Customer care	5.2.1 Efficient management of customer complaints through #157	i28. % of customer complaints resolved within Command Centre determined timelines	≥80%	Weekly	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	 5.2.2 Strengthen the role of the Command Centres to address customer complaints 5.2.3 Establishment of Public relations on call team 	i29. % of customer complaints closed that were addressed satisfactorily	100%	Monthly	

	5.2.4 Develop SOP to support Public relations functions				
	5.2.5 Gate closing signage for routine GOPD care in every facility	i30. % of health facilities with gate closure signage	100%	August	
6.1 Fleet management system	6.1.1 Submission of Monthly vehicle returns to AMU	i31. Timely submission of vehicle returns	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
	6.1.2 Updated fleet status report	i32. % of vehicles in working condition at any given time	>75%	Ongoing	Divisions Sub divisions
	6.1.3 Develop vehicle utilization SOPs for: Patient transfers and Case retrieval	i33. SOP developed	1 per Division	Ongoing	Divisions Asset Management Unit
	6.1.4 Develop SOPs for vehicle care	i34. SOP developed	1 per Division	Ongoing	Divisions Asset Management Unit
	6.1.5 Establish vehicle maintenance tracking system	i35. Tracking system in place	1 per Division	September	Divisions Asset Management Unit
7.1 Clinical Issues	7.1.1 Develop criteria for clinical issues watch list	i36. Criteria developed	1	August	Divisions Sub divisions
	7.1.2 Develop tracking action plan for clinical issues watch list	i37. Tracking action plan developed	1	August	Divisions Sub divisions
8.1 Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE)	8.1.1 Development of Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) generic framework developed	i38. RCCE generic framework developed	1	Quarter 2	ESU
	8.1.2 RCCE generic framework aligned to key focus areas per Division (e.g.NCD, WASH and COVID vaccination)	i39. # of facilities implementing RCCE approach	22	Quarter 3	Divisions Sub divisions
9.1 Infection Prevention and Control	9.1.1 Conduct IPC training for identified staff	i40. % of identified staff trained	100%	Quarter 1	Divisions Sub divisions
	9.1.2 Develop action plan for IPC activities for the sub division	i41. % of sub divisions with IPC action plan	100%	Quarter 1	Sub divisions
10.1 Safe and affordable Surgery, Obstetric	10.1.1 Develop minimum standards for sterilization in Health Centres and SDH	i42. Minimum standards developed	Sterilization standards in place	October	Sub divisions

7.3 Framework for Outpatient Surge Response & Customer Care

Focus Area	Broader Strategies	Activities	Indicators	Target	Timelines	Responsible
1.0 Patient Folder Management	1.1 Standardize patient records management	1.1.1 Review current patient records management system	i1. Records management system reviewed	1	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.2 Patient folder stored according to standardised system	i2. Average retrieval time for patient folders	20 mins	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.3 Training of records staff on patient folder management	i3. % of staff trained	>90%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
		1.1.4 Patient records entered in PATISplus	i4. Patient records updated in PATISplus as per agreed timelines	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
2.0 Quality Improvement and Customer care	2.1 Outpatient Customer Escalated	2.1.1 Develop standardized SOP for ED triage	i5. Triage SOP developed	1	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
initiatives	Engagement Plan	2.1.2 Capacity building on triage	i6. % of relevant staff trained on triage	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
		2.1.3 Availability of functional triage equipment	i7. % of functional triage equipment available	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
	2.2 Implement queue management system	2.2.1 Express Lanes for elderly, disabled, & school children	i8. Availability of express lanes for the elderly, disabled and school students	Express lane in place	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
3.0 Governance	3.1 Surge contingency plan	3.1.1 Develop surge contingency plan	i9. Plan developed	1	Quarter 2	Hospitals Sub divisions



4.0 Communicatio	4.1 Establish	4.1.1 Conduct	i10.	100%	Ongoing	Communicatio
n	appropriate communications	awareness on key identified areas: • Health seeking behaviour • Home care • Risk factors to look for etc.	Communicatio n strategy in place			ns Hospitals Sub divisions
	4.2 Health Facility Operational hours	4.2.1 Clear signage on health facility opening and closing hours	i11. Health facility signage in place	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions
5.0 Community based surveillance	5.1 Absenteeism report from schools hotels, workplaces	5.1.1 Develop SOP and system to obtain absenteeism report from other stakeholders	i12. Establish system	System in place	Quarter 1	Divisions
	5.2 Community outreach	5.1.2 Conduct community outreach	i13. # of community outreach conducted	>1	Ongoing	Divisions Sub divisions
6.0 Human Resource Support	 6.1 HR capacity strengthened through identified positions: GP engagement 2nd year medical intern Public health block Public health nurses Etc. 	6.1.1 Develop policy to support HR capacity to manage surge	i14. Policy developed	1	Ongoing	Human Resource Hospitals Divisions Nursing
	6.2 Align allied health positions to meet service demands	6.2.1 Establish Laboratory Technician and Medical Imaging Technologist positions at upgraded health facilities	i15. Laboratory Technician and Medical Imaging Technologist positions established	100%	Ongoing	Human Resource Hospitals Divisions
	6.3 Effectively prevent and address harassment and bullying at work	6.3.1 Process in place to address harassment and bullying at work	i16. SOP available at all Health facilities	100%	Quarter 2	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
7.0 Consultation space	7.1 Accessibility to consultation space to support surge	7.1.1 Identify additional OPD consultation spaces that meet accessibility and privacy requirements	i17. Consultation spaces identified	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
8.0 Diagnostic Support	8.1 Capacity expanded through outsourcing of	8.1.1 Radiology and laboratory testing services enhanced	i18. Improve diagnostic TAT	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals Sub divisions

	radiology and	8.1.2 Ensure point of	i19.	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
	laboratory services	care testing kits are	Availability of	100/0	Ongoing	Sub divisions
		available	point of care			
			testing kits			
9.0 Waiting Bed	9.1 Strengthen	9.1.1 Establish bed	i20. Bed	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
0	bed management	management system	management			Sub divisions
	5	о ,	system in			
			place			
		9.1.2 Identify bed	i21. Waiting	ТВС	Ongoing	Hospitals
		space for waiting case	time for			Sub divisions
			patient			
			admission			
			reduced			
	9.2 Establish	9.2.1 Set up waiting	i22. % of	>90%	Ongoing	Divisions
	waiting beds	beds/ observation	identified			
	within maritime	beds within maritime	maritime			
	health centres	HCs where patients	health centres			
		can stay for 2 – 3	with waiting/			
		days	observation			
			beds			
	9.3 Strengthen	9.3.1 Clear discharge	i23. % of	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
	discharge	protocols that all staff	staff aware of			Sub divisions
	protocols	are aware of	discharge			
			protocols			
10.0 Line listing	10.1 Establish line	10.1.1 Develop line	i24. Develop	Line	Ongoing	Divisions
	listing of	list for vulnerable and	line listing of	list/Registe		
	vulnerable	those requiring follow	vulnerable	r of		
	population	up	population	vulnerable		
				population		
				in place		
11.0 Follow up	11.1 Strengthen	11.1.1 Provide	i25.	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
	virtual hospital	support to patients	Updated			Sub divisions
	and home based	on virtual hospital	patient lists			
	care	and home based care	available			
		list	i26. Follow	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
			up reports			Sub divisions
			completed			
			i27.	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
			Medicines			Sub divisions
			supplied as			
			required			
12.0 Customer	12.1 Strengthen	12.1.1 Identification	i28. % of	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
Service	customer service	of customer service	facilities with			Divisions
		champion at each	customer			Sub divisions
		facility	service			
			champion			
		12.1.2 Provide	i29. % of	>90%	Ongoing	Hospitals
		customer service	targeted staff			Divisions
		training for targeted	trained on			Sub divisions
		staff	customer			
-			service			
13.0 Quality	13.1 Establish a	13.1.1 Establish QI	i30. % of	100%	Ongoing	Hospitals
Improvement	team culture with	team at each facility	health facilities			Divisions
	a focus on		with active QI			Sub divisions
			team			

continuous quality improvement (QI)	13.1.2 QI meetings conducted fortnightly	i31. % of QI meetings conducted	100%	Fortnightly	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions
	13.1.3 Divisional and hospital level Quality Improvement Plan developed and implemented	i32. # of Divisions and Hospitals that have QI plan	9	Quarter 1	Hospitals Divisions
	13.1.4 Determine and prioritize potential areas for improvement	i33. # of quality improvement activities conducted	>5	Ongoing	Hospitals Divisions Sub divisions

7.4 Remodelling

Pillars	Focus Area	Activities	Indicator	Target	Timelines	Responsible
1.0 Governance	1.1 Functional Divisional Command Centers and Sub	1.1.1 Identifyneeds forestablishing SDOC:Meeting room	i1. Infrastructure and asset needs for establishing SDOC met	100% (Dedicated meeting room)	August	Sub divisions
	divisional Operation Centers	Operation technology	i2. Availability of communication technology	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
			i3. Human resource engagement plan developed	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
		1.1.2 Develop and endorse TOR for DCC and SDOC	i4. # of DOC and SDOC with endorsed TOR	100%	August	Divisions Sub divisions
		1.1.3 Regular meetings and reports submitted by DCC and SDOC for its operations	i5. Weekly meeting conducted	100% (Meeting minutes available)	Weekly	Divisions Sub divisions
		1.1.4 Implement all SOP and guidelines on key issues through DCC and SDOC	i6. SOPs and guidelines implemented	100%	Quarterly	Divisions Sub divisions
	1.2 Vulnerable populations tracking system	1.2.1 Tracking plans and action plans developed	i7. Chronic disease line list available at SD level	100%	Ongoing	Divisions Sub divisions

		for vulnerable population	i8. Environmentally at risk groups line list available at SD level	100%	Ongoing	Divisions Sub divisions
2.0 Service Delivery	2.1 Enhance community surveillance	 2.1.1 Establish medical facility and community based networks with clear SOPs 2.1.2 Develop clear SOPs including specific details on reporting 	i9. Network established at SD level	100%	August	Sub divisions
		 2.1.3 Community surveillance programme interventions implemented through: Case support Community outreach programme etc 	i10. # of outreach conducted at community level	>1	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
	2.2 Clinical Issues	2.2.1 Develop criteria for clinical issues watch list	i11. Criteria developed	1	August	Divisions Sub divisions
		2.2.2 Develop tracking action plan for clinical issues watch list	i12. Tracking action plan developed	1	August	Divisions Sub divisions
	2.2 Improve customer service	2.2.1 Conduct customer experience survey	i13. Average patient experience survey response rate	>85%	Quarterly	Subdivisions
3.0 Health Information and	3.1 Improve data quality and reporting	3.1.1 Review existing data sources	i14. # of existing data sources reviewed	1	Annually	Digital Health
Digitalization		3.1.2 Digitalizing available forms for a smooth and efficient reporting	i15. # of forms digitalized	>1	Annually	Digital Health
		3.1.3 Data entry into the Health Information systems at various levels	i16. HIS updated regularly	Updated HIS	Daily	Sub divisions
4.0 Surveillance	4.1 Strengthen surveillance reporting	4.1.1 Reporting on surveillance data through existing data sources (NNDSS, EWARS)	i17. % of EWARS report submitted with agreed timelines	>90%	Weekly	Sub divisions
5.0 Human Resource	5.1 Enhance human resource needs	5.1.1 Efficient processing of vacant positions	i18. Vacant positions filled through EOI or advertisement	>80%	Monthly	Human Resources Divisions Sub divisions

		5.1.2 Submission of monthly P2P report to HQ	i19. Timely submission of monthly P2P reports	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
		5.1.3 Identify additional staff needs to enhance service delivery	i20. List of staff needs identified for surge capacity	List available by cadre	Ongoing	Human Resources Divisions Sub divisions
6.0 Infrastructure and Transport	6.1 Strengthen minor works projects	6.1.1 Develop prioritized action plan based on needs for minor works and submit to AMU	i21. % completion of minor works plan	>80% completed	Annually	Divisions Sub divisions
		6.1.2 Efficient processing of PO for minor works	i22. % of submission aligned to SOP	>80%	Ongoing	Asset Management Unit
			i23. % of minor works processed within 2 days	>90%	Ongoing	Asset Management Unit
	6.2 Improve fleet management	6.2.1 Submission of Monthly vehicle returns to AMU	i24. Timely submission of vehicle returns	100%	Monthly	Divisions Sub divisions
		6.2.2 Updated fleet status report	i25. % of vehicles in working condition at any given time	>75%	Ongoing	Divisions Sub divisions
		6.2.3 Develop SOPs for vehicle utilization for: Patient transfers and Case retrieval	i26. SOP developed	SOP in place	Ongoing	Asset Management Unit
		6.2.4 Develop SOPs for vehicle care	i27. SOP developed	SOP in place	Ongoing	Asset Management Unit
7.0 Equipment and medical supplies	7.1 Enhance functional biomedical equipment	7.1.1 Conduct quarterly biomedical equipment audit and identify equipment that needs to be repaired and replaced	i28. # of biomedical equipment audits conducted	1	Quarterly	Divisions
	7.2 Improve availability of medical supplies7.2.1 Conduct review of medical supplies based on demand at each facility level in the sub division		i29. Reviewed conducted at each facility level	100%	Ongoing	Sub divisions
	7.3 Strengthen supply chain management	7.3.1 Roll out of supply chain management system to targeted health facilities	i30. % of targeted facilities utilizing supply chain management system	100%	Ongoing	Fiji Pharmaceutica & Biomedical Services

7.5 Capital Works

Strategic Priority	SEG No	Project	Planned Completion date	Total Budget \$	1 st QTR \$	2 nd QTR \$	3 rd QTR \$	4 th QTR \$
Priority Area 3	8	Upgrading and Maintenance of Urban Hospitals and Institutional Quarters	Several maintenance projects are under this allocation. Some continuing over the financial year and some completing within	900,000	200,000	200,000	300,000	200,000
	8	Construction of New CWM Hospital Maternity Unit	July,2023	3,000,000	500,000	500,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
	8	Maintenance of Sub-Divisional Hospitals, Health Centres and Nursing Stations	Several maintenance projects are under this allocation. Some continuing over the financial year and some completing within	1,008,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	258,000
	8	Land Stabilization and Refurbishment of Savusavu Hospital	July, 2023	2,000,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
	8	Upgrade of Labasa Hospital Interior	July, 2023	2,200,000	600,000	600,000	500,000	500,000
	8	Upgrade of Lautoka Hospital Operating Theatre and X-ray Department	July, 2023	717,965	200,000	517,965	-	-
	8	Completion of CWMH Emergency Department- Final Payment	July, 2023	74,000	74000	-	-	-
Priority Area 3	9	ICT Infrastructure and Network	July, 2023	1,314,087	705,494	376,610	139,190	139,190

Priority	9	Purchase of Equipment for Urban Hospitals	July, 2023	1,320,000	100,000	220,000	500,000	500,000
Area 3	9	Equipment for Sub-Divisional Hospitals, Health Centre and Nursing Stations	July, 2023	1,200,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	350,000
	9	Purchase of Bio- Medical Equipment for Urban and Sub- Divisional hospitals	July, 2023	3,000,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
	9	Purchase of Dental Equipment for Urban Hospitals and Sub - Divisional Hospitals	July, 2023	1,289,200	1,000,000	289,200	-	-

7.6 Budget Cashflow Forecast

Outcome	Output	Total	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	3 rd Qtr.	4 th Qtr.
		Budget	\$	\$	\$	\$
		\$				
Outcome 1.1. Reduce	Output 1.1.1	996,260	222,035	162,203	280,966	331,055
communicable disease and non-	Preventative					
communicable disease prevalence,	programmes					
especially for vulnerable groups	targeting risk					
	factors					
	implemented					
	Output 1.1.2	3,649,865	813,442	594,243	1,029,337	1,212,843
	Strengthen the					
	integrated					
	approach to					
	preventive					
	initiatives in					
	communities					
	through					
	multidisciplinary					
	teams					
	Output 1.1.3	848,800	189,171	138,195	239,379	282,055
	Strengthen					
	surveillance, case					
	detection and					
	diagnosis for CDs					
	and NCDs					
Outcome 1.2 Improve the physical	Output 1.2.1	109,000	24,293	17,747	30,740	36,220
and mental well-being of all	Improved maternal					
citizens, with particular focus on	and neonatal health					
	services, with an					

women, children and young people	increased focus on					
through prevention measures	health risk					
	assessments					
	Output 1.2.2	-	-	-	-	-
	Strengthened					
	immunisation					
	services and NCDs					
	screening at MCH					
	clinics					
	Output 1.2.3	43,600	9,717	7,099	12,296	14,488
	Improved					
	breastfeeding and					
	nutrition for					
	children					
	Output 1.2.4	272,500	60,732	44,366	76,851	90,551
	Improved	, i	ŕ	,	,	,
	prevention,					
	detection and					
	diagnosis of					
	childhood illnesses					
	Output 1.2.5	54,500	12,146	8,873	15,370	18,110
	Strengthened	5 1,500	12,110	0,070	10,070	10,110
	adolescent health					
	services					
	Output 1.2.6	32,700	7,288	5,324	9,222	10,866
	Strengthened	0_,/00	,,200	5,521	3,222	10,000
	breast and cervical					
	cancer prevention,					
	screening and					
	diagnosis					
Outcome 1.3 Safeguard against	Output 1.3.1	506,850	112,961	82,521	142,942	168,425
environmental threats and public	Improvement in the	500,050	112,501	02,021	172,572	100,423
health emergencies	effectiveness of					
neutri entergenetes	environmental					
	health service					
	delivery					
	Output 1.3.2	2,798,400	623,677	455,614	789,207	929,903
	Strengthen	2,758,400	023,077	455,014	765,207	525,505
	preparedness and					
	resilience to public					
	health emergencies					
Outcome 1.4 Strengthen	1.4.1 Strengthen					
population-wide resilience to the	role of Fiji	-	-	-	-	-
climate crisis	Emergency Medical					
	Assistance					
	Team(FEMAT)					
	including disaster					
	preparedness,					
	management and resilience					
	resilience					

	Output 1.4.2 Enhance disaster preparedness, management and resilience	545,000	121,464	88,733	153,701	181,102
Outcome 2.1. Improve patient health outcomes, with a particular focus on services for women, children, young people and vulnerable groups	Output 2.1.1 Increased access to maternal and child health services based on population needs	109,000	24,293	17,747	30,740	36,220
Outcome 2.2 Strengthen and decentralise effective clinical services, including rehabilitation, to meet the needs of the population	Output 2.2.1 Increase access to effective treatment and specialist services	574,178	127,967	93,483	161,930	190,798
	Output 2.2.2 Strengthen clinical management of priority NCDs	10,953,570	2,441,211	1,783,375	3,089,133	3,639,851
	Output 2.2.3 Efficient and effective referral system	1,635,000	364,391	266,198	461,104	543,307
Outcome 2.3 Continuously improve patient safety, and the quality and value of services	Output 2.3.1 Provision of standardised clinical services	-	-	-	-	-
	Output 2.3.2 Improved patient safety and reduced variation of care	1,032,700	230,157	168,136	291,243	343,164
	Output 2.3.3 Improved quality and value of services by improving efficiency and reducing wastage	10,900	2,429	1,775	3,074	3,622
Outcome 3.1. Cultivate a competent and capable workforce, where the contribution of every staff member is recognised and valued	Output 3.1.1 Implement plans and policies to manage the workforce and working environment	-	-	-	-	-
	Output 3.1.2 Attract, select, recruit, retain and empower the right	235,288,557	52,438,519	38,307,858	66,356,232	78,185,949

	-					
	people to create a diverse, inclusive and engaged workforce					
	Output 3.1.3 Provide opportunities for professional development to achieve a more engaged, skilled and satisfied workforce	1,593,293	355,096	259,408	449,342	529,448
Outcome 3.2. Improve the efficiency of supply chain management and procurement systems, and maintenance of equipment	Output 3.2.1 Improved availability and accessibility to medical products	54,486,399	12,143,328	8,871,053	15,366,290	18,105,729
	Output 3.2.2 Quality assurance processes for all medical supplies established	85,020	18,948	13,842	23,977	28,252
	Output 3.2.3 Improved functionality of biomedical & dental equipment in health facilities	8,855,421	1,973,598	1,441,771	2,497,411	2,942,640
Outcome 3.3. Implement more efficient financial processes, while reducing the financial hardship of the most vulnerable	Output 3.3.1 Improved budget execution and financial performance	42,027,029	9,366,521	6,842,515	11,852,490	13,965,503
Outcome 3.4. Ensure infrastructure is maintained to match service needs	Output 3.4.1 Infrastructure upgraded based on needs	16,306,362	3,634,182	2,654,875	4,598,731	5,418,574
Outcome 3.5 Harness digital technologies to facilitate better health care for our patients	Output 3.5.1 Improved accessibility to and completeness of patient information (including specialist information)	1,615,163	359,970	262,968	455,509	536,716
	Output 3.5.2 Training and support provided for using information systems	76,300	17,005	12,423	21,518	25,354
	Output 3.5.3 Strengthen	10,900	2,429	1,775	3,074	3,622

Outcome 3.6 Continue to	research and innovation to support health systems strengthening					
strengthen planning and governance throughout the MHMS	Output 3.6.1 Plans and policies reviewed and updated	-	-	-	-	-
	Output 3.6.2 Governance and reporting structures aligned to remodeled health service	-	-	-	-	-
	Output 3.6.3 Effective Monitoring, Evaluation at operational level	-	-	-	-	-
Outcome 3.7. Widen our collaboration with partners for a more efficient, innovative and higher-quality health system	Output 3.7.1 Strengthened partnerships with external stakeholders	1,900,000	423,451	309,343	535,839	631,366
COVID-19 Emergency Response Project (World Bank)		8,701,504	1,939,295	1,416,711	2,454,004	2,891,494
TOTAL		395,118,771	88,059,714	64,330,173	111,431,653	131,297,230

7.7 Budget and Overheads

Outcome	Output	SEG1	SEG2	SEG3	SEG4	SEG5	SEG6	SEG7	SEG8	SEG9	SEG10	Total Budget
Reduce communicable disease and	targeting risk factors		-	-	-	778,260	-	218,000	-		-	996,260
prevalence, especially for vulnerable groups	Output 1.1.2 Strengthen the integrated approach to preventive initiatives in communities through	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,649,865	-		-	3,649,865

	multidisciplinary									
	teams									
	Output 1.1.3									
	Strengthen					185,300	- 163,500		500,000	848,800
	surveillance,	_	-			105,500	- 103,500		500,000	040,000
	case detection									
	and diagnosis									
	for CDs and									
	NCDs									
0	0									
Outcome 1.2	Output 1.2.1					54 500	54.500			400.000
Improve the	Improved	-	-		-	54,500	- 54,500		-	109,000
physical and	maternal and									
mental well-	neonatal health									
being of all	services, with									
	an increased									
particular	focus on health									
focus on	risk									
women,	assessments									
children and										
young people	Output 1.2.2									
through	Strengthened	-			-	-				-
prevention	immunisation									
measures	services and									
	NCDs screening									
	at MCH clinics									
	Output 1.2.3									
	Improved	-	-			-	- 43,600			43,600
	breastfeeding									
	and nutrition									
	for children									
	Output 1.2.4									
	Improved	-				54,500	- 218,000			272,500
	prevention,									
	detection and									
	diagnosis of									
	childhood									
	illnesses									
	Output 1.2.5									
	Strengthened	-	-			-	- 54,500			54,500
	adolescent									
	health services									
	Output 1.2.6									
	Strengthened	-			-	-	- 32,700			32,700
	breast and									
	cervical cancer									
	prevention,									
	screening and									
	diagnosis									
Outcome 1.3	Output 1.3.1									
Safeguard	Improvement in	-	-		218,000	288,850		- -		506,850
against	the									
environmenta	leffectiveness of									
threats and	environmental									
				1				1 1		

public health	health service											
emergencies	delivery											
	Output 1.3.2					210.000		2 500 400				2 700 400
	Strengthen		-		-	218,000	-	2,580,400				2,798,400
	preparedness and resilience											
	to public health											
	emergencies											
	1.4.1											
Strengthen	Strengthen role	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
population- wide	of Fiji											
resilience to	Emergency Medical											
the climate	Assistance											
crisis	Team(FEMAT)											
	including											
	disaster											
	preparedness,											
	management											
	and resilience											
	0											
	Output 1.4.3 Enhance		_			545,000	_					545,000
	disaster					545,000						545,000
	preparedness,											
	management											
	and resilience											
Outcome 2.1.												
Improve	Increased	-	-		-	-	-	109,000	-	-	-	109,000
patient health outcomes,	access to maternal and											
with a	child health											
particular	services based											
focus on	on population											
services for	needs											
women,												
children,												
young people												
and												
vulnerable												
groups												
Outcome 2.2	Output 2.2.1											
Strengthen	Increase access	-	-		-	130,800		443,378	-	-	-	574,178
and	to effective											
decentralise	treatment and											
effective	specialist											
clinical	services											
services,	Output 2.2.2		<u> </u>									
including rehabilitation,		_	-	- 545,000		8,864,970		43,600			1.500.000	10,953,570
to meet the	clinical			2.0,000		_,_0.,070		.0,000			_,_ 00,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
to meet the	management of											
	priority NCDs											

	Output 2.2.3											
population	Efficient and	-	-	-1,635,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	· –	1,635,000
	effective											
	referral system											
Outcome 2.3	Output 2.3.1											
	Provision of	_	-		-	-	_	-	-	_		_
improve	standardised											
	clinical services											
and the												
quality and	Output 2.3.2											
value of	Improved	-	-		-	1,032,700	-	-		-		1,032,700
	patient safety											
	and reduced											
	variation of care											
	Output 2.3.3											
	Improved	_	-	_		10,900	_	_	_	_	_	10,900
	quality and					10,500						10,500
	value of services											
	by improving											
	efficiency and											
	reducing											
	wastage											
	_											
	Output 3.1.1											
Cultivate a	Implement	-				-	-	-	-	-		-
	plans and											
	policies to											
	manage the											
	workforce and											
	working											
	environment											
member is	Output 3.1.2											
recognised and valued		215,338,453	19.950.104	1					-	-		235,288,557
	recruit, retain											
	and empower											
	the right people											
	to create a											
	diverse,											
	inclusive and											
	engaged											
	workforce											
	Output 3.1.3											
	Provide	_				1,560,593	_	32,700	_	_		1,593,293
	opportunities					1,500,555		52,700				1,555,255
	for professional											
	development to											
	achieve a more											
	engaged, skilled											
	and satisfied											
	workforce											
Outcome 3.2.				Ι Τ								
Improve the	Improved	-	-		-	54,486,399	-		-	-	-	54,486,399
	availability and											
	accessibility to											
management												
and	products											

maintenance	Output 3.2.2 Quality assurance processes for all	-	-	-	-	85,020	-	-	-	-	-	85,020
	medical supplies established											
	Output 3.2.3 Improved functionality of biomedical & dental equipment in health facilities	-	-	-	4,180,193	-	-	-	-	4,675,228	-	8,855,421
more efficient financial	Improved budget execution and financial	-	-	4,926,048	16,302,393	20,398,318	70,000	330,270	-		-	42,027,029
infrastructure	Output 3.4.1 Infrastructure upgraded based on needs	-	-	-	-	2,768,600	-	-	13,537,762		-	16,306,362
Harness digital technologies to facilitate better health care for our patients	Output 3.5.1 Improved accessibility to and completeness of patient information (including specialist information)	-	-	-	-	1,615,163	-	-	-		-	1,615,163
	Output 3.5.2 Training and support provided for using information systems	-	-	-	-			76,300				76,300
	Output 3.5.3 Strengthen research and innovation to support health systems strengthening	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,900		-	-	10,900

TOTAL		215,338,453	19,950,104	7,106,048	20,700,586	93,077,873	1,970,000	8,061,213	13,537,762	4,675,228	10,701,504	395,118,77
Bank)												
Emergency Response Project (World		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,701,504	8,701,50
COVID-19											0 701 504	0 701 5
system	with external stakeholders											
quality health	partnerships											
nnovative and higher-	Output 3.7.2 Strengthened	-	-	-	-	-	1,900,000	-	-		-	1,900,0
or a more efficient,	stakeholders											
•	with external											
	partnerships											
Outcome 3.7. Widen our	Output 3.7.1 Strengthened		_	_	_	_		_	_		_	
	level											
	operational											
	Monitoring, Evaluation at											
	Effective	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Output 3.6.3											
	health service											
	aligned to remodeled											
	structures											
	reporting											
the MHMS	Governance and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
throughout	Output 3.6.2											
governance	updated											
planning and	reviewed and											
strengthen	policies	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	_	
Continue to	Plans and											



Acronyms

AMU	Assets Management Unit
CD	Communicable Disease
CSN	Clinical Service Network
DMOs	Divisional Medical Officers
ESU	Executive Support Unit
FEMAT	Fiji Emergency Medical Assistance Team
FPBS	Fiji Pharmaceutical & Biomedical Services
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HIS	Health Information System
ICD	International Statistical Classification of Diseases
MCDC	Medical Cause of Dead Certificate
MEL	Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning
mhGAP	Mental Health Gap Action Programme
MHMS	Ministry of Health and Medical Services
MSHI	Mother Safe Hospital Initiative
MSs	Medical Superintendents
PATIS	Patient Information Systems
RHD	Rheumatic Heart Diseases
SDG	Sustainable Development Goal
UHC	Universal Health Coverage
WHO	World Health Organisation

